

# HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

## GENERAL INFORMATION

IN00U-36

### 1. INDEX

An INDEX is provided on the first page of each section to guide you to the item to be repaired. To assist you in finding your way through the manual, the section title and major heading are given at the top of every page.

### 2. PRECAUTION

At the beginning of each section, a PRECAUTION is given that pertains to all repair operations contained in that section.

Read these precautions before starting any repair task.

### 3. TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING tables are included for each system to help you diagnose the problem and find the cause. The fundamentals of how to proceed with troubleshooting are described on page [IN-16](#).

Be sure to read this before performing troubleshooting.

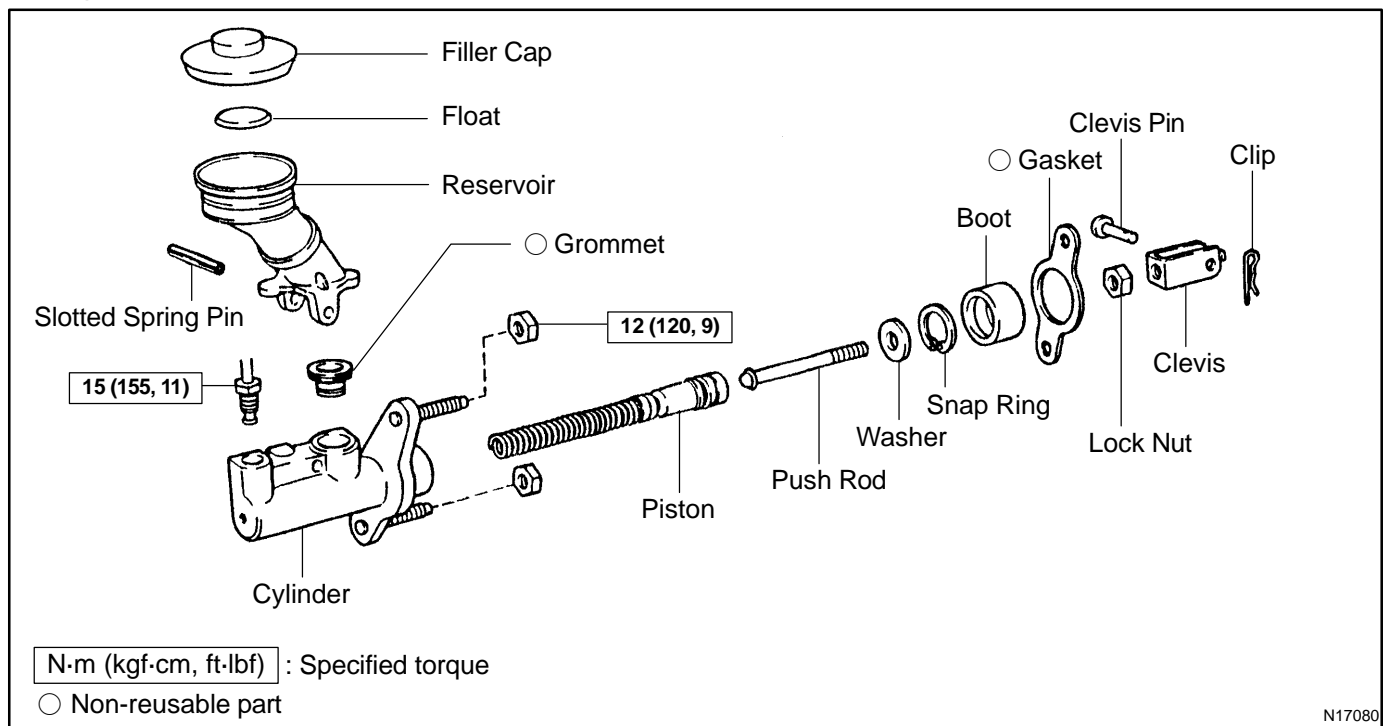
### 4. PREPARATION

Preparation lists the SST (Special Service Tools), recommended tools, equipment, lubricant and SSM (Special Service Materials) which should be prepared before beginning the operation and explains the purpose of each one.

### 5. REPAIR PROCEDURES

Most repair operations begin with an overview illustration. It identifies the components and shows how the parts fit together.

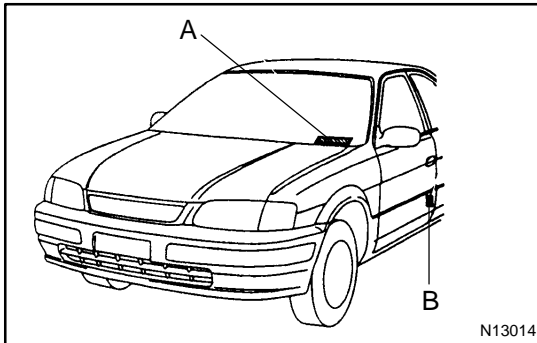
Example:



# IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION

## VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION AND ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

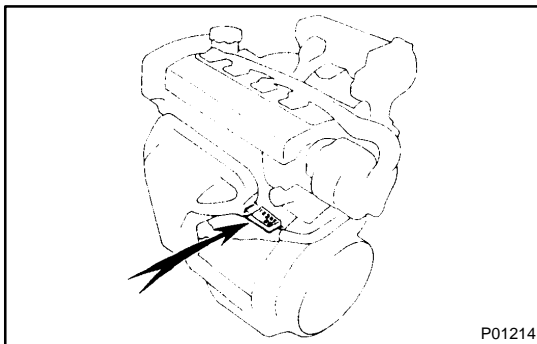
IN07B-01



### 1. VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

The vehicle identification number is stamped on the vehicle identification number plate and the certification label, as shown in the illustration.

- A: Vehicle Identification Number Plate
- B: Certification Label



### 2. ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

The engine serial number is stamped on the engine block, as shown in the illustration.

# CHASSIS INSPECTION

MA03P-02

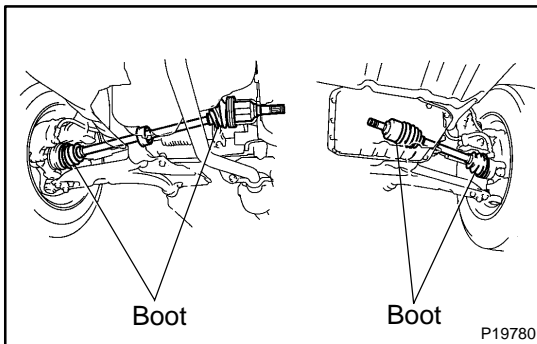
## 1. INSPECT STEERING LINKAGE

- Check the steering wheel freeplay (See page [SR-10](#)).
- Check the steering linkage for looseness or damage.
  - Check that the tie rod ends do not have excessive play.
  - Check that the dust seals and boots are not damaged.
  - Check that the boot clamps are not loose.

## 2. INSPECT SRS AIRBAG (See page [RS-2](#))

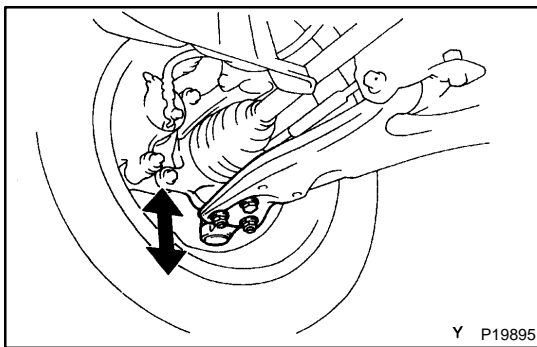
## 3. INSPECT STEERING GEAR HOUSING OIL

Check the steering gear housing for oil leakage.



## 4. INSPECT DRIVE SHAFT BOOTS

Check the drive shaft boots for clamp looseness, leakage or damage.



## 5. INSPECT BALL JOINT AND DUST COVERS

- Inspect the ball joints for excessive looseness.
  - Jack up the front of the vehicle and place wooden blocks with a height of 180 - 200 mm (7.09 - 7.87 in.) under the front tires.
  - Lower the jack until there is about half a load on the front coil spring. Place stands under the vehicle for safety.
  - Make sure the front wheels are in a straightforward position and block the wheel with chocks.
  - Move the lower arm up and down, and check that the ball joint has no excessive play.












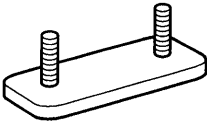

**Maximum ball joint vertical play: 0 mm (0 in.)**

If there is play, replace the ball joint.

# STANDARD BOLT

## HOW TO DETERMINE BOLT STRENGTH

SS00F-01

	Mark	Class		Mark	Class
Hexagon head bolt	4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 10- 11-	4T 5T 6T 7T 8T 9T 10T 11T	Hexagon flange bolt	 4 Protruding lines	9T
	 Bolt head No. 4		w/ washer hexagon bolt	 5 Protruding lines	10T
			Hexagon flange bolt	 6 Protruding lines	11T
	 No mark	4T	w/ washer hexagon bolt		
Hexagon flange bolt w/ washer hexagon bolt	 No mark	4T	Stud bolt	 No mark	4T
Hexagon head bolt	 2 Protruding lines	5T		 Grooved	6T
Hexagon flange bolt w/ washer hexagon bolt	 2 Protruding lines	6T			
Hexagon head bolt	 3 Protruding lines	7T	Welded bolt		4T
Hexagon head bolt	 4 Protruding lines	8T			

V06821

# CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHECK

## ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM Check Sheet

Inspector's  
Name \_\_\_\_\_

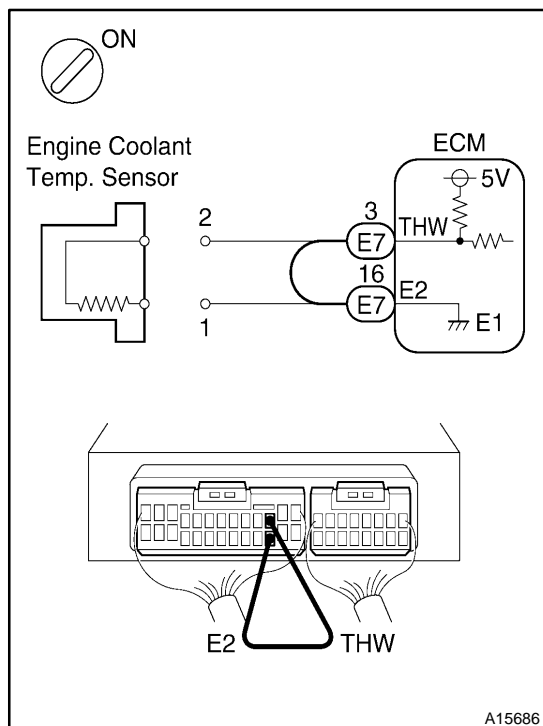
Customer's Name		Model and Model Year	
Driver's Name		Frame No.	
Date Vehicle Brought in		Engine Model	
License No.		Odometer Reading	km miles

Problem Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Engine does not Start	<input type="checkbox"/> Engine does not crank	<input type="checkbox"/> No initial combustion	<input type="checkbox"/> No complete combustion
	<input type="checkbox"/> Difficult to Start	<input type="checkbox"/> Engine cranks slowly <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Poor Idling	<input type="checkbox"/> Incorrect first idle <input type="checkbox"/> Idling rpm is abnormal <input type="checkbox"/> High (       rpm) <input type="checkbox"/> Low (       rpm) <input type="checkbox"/> Rough idling <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Poor Driveability	<input type="checkbox"/> Hesitation <input type="checkbox"/> Back fire <input type="checkbox"/> Muffler explosion (after-fire) <input type="checkbox"/> Surging <input type="checkbox"/> Knocking <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Engine Stall	<input type="checkbox"/> Soon after starting <input type="checkbox"/> After accelerator pedal depressed <input type="checkbox"/> After accelerator pedal released <input type="checkbox"/> During A/C operation <input type="checkbox"/> Shifting from N to D <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Others	_____		

Dates Problem Occurred		_____		
Problem Frequency		<input type="checkbox"/> Constant <input type="checkbox"/> Sometimes (       times per       day/month) <input type="checkbox"/> Once only <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
Condition When Problem Occurs	Weather	<input type="checkbox"/> Fine <input type="checkbox"/> Cloudy <input type="checkbox"/> Rainy <input type="checkbox"/> Snowy <input type="checkbox"/> Various/Other _____		
	Outdoor Temperature	<input type="checkbox"/> Hot <input type="checkbox"/> Warm <input type="checkbox"/> Cool <input type="checkbox"/> Cold (approx. ____ °F/ ____ °C)		
	Place	<input type="checkbox"/> Highway <input type="checkbox"/> Suburbs <input type="checkbox"/> Inner City <input type="checkbox"/> Uphill <input type="checkbox"/> Downhill <input type="checkbox"/> Rough road <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	Engine Temp.	<input type="checkbox"/> Cold <input type="checkbox"/> Warming up <input type="checkbox"/> After Warming up <input type="checkbox"/> Any temp. <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		
	Engine Operation	<input type="checkbox"/> Starting <input type="checkbox"/> Just after starting (       min.) <input type="checkbox"/> Idling <input type="checkbox"/> Racing <input type="checkbox"/> Driving <input type="checkbox"/> Constant speed <input type="checkbox"/> Acceleration <input type="checkbox"/> Deceleration <input type="checkbox"/> A/C switch ON/OFF <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		

Condition of MIL		<input type="checkbox"/> Remains on	<input type="checkbox"/> Sometimes light up	<input type="checkbox"/> Does not light up
DTC Inspection	Normal mode (Pre-check)	<input type="checkbox"/> Normal	<input type="checkbox"/> Malfunction code(s) (code       ) <input type="checkbox"/> Freeze frame data (       )	
	Check Mode	<input type="checkbox"/> Normal	<input type="checkbox"/> Malfunction code(s) (code       ) <input type="checkbox"/> Freeze frame data (       )	

### 3 Check for open in harness or ECM.



#### PREPARATION:

- Remove the lower finish panel.
- Connect terminals THW and E2 of ECM connector together.

#### HINT:

Engine coolant temperature sensor connector is disconnected. Before checking, do a visual and contact pressure check for the ECM connector (See page [IN-26](#)).

- Turn the ignition switch ON.

#### CHECK:

Read the temperature value on the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester.

#### OK:

Temperature value: 140°C (284°F) or more

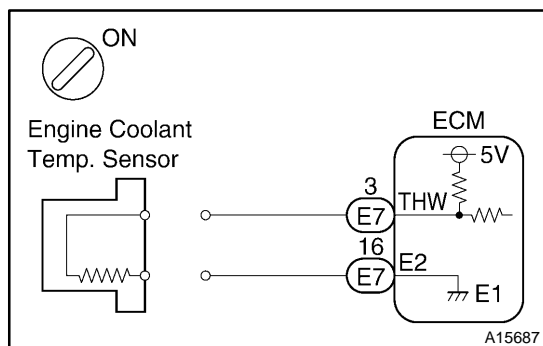
OK

Open in harness between terminal E2 or terminal THW, repair or replace harness.

NG

Confirm good connection at ECM.  
If OK, replace ECM.

### 4 Check for short in harness and ECM.



#### PREPARATION:

- Disconnect the engine coolant temperature sensor connector.
- Turn the ignition switch ON.

#### CHECK:

Read the temperature value on the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester.

#### OK:

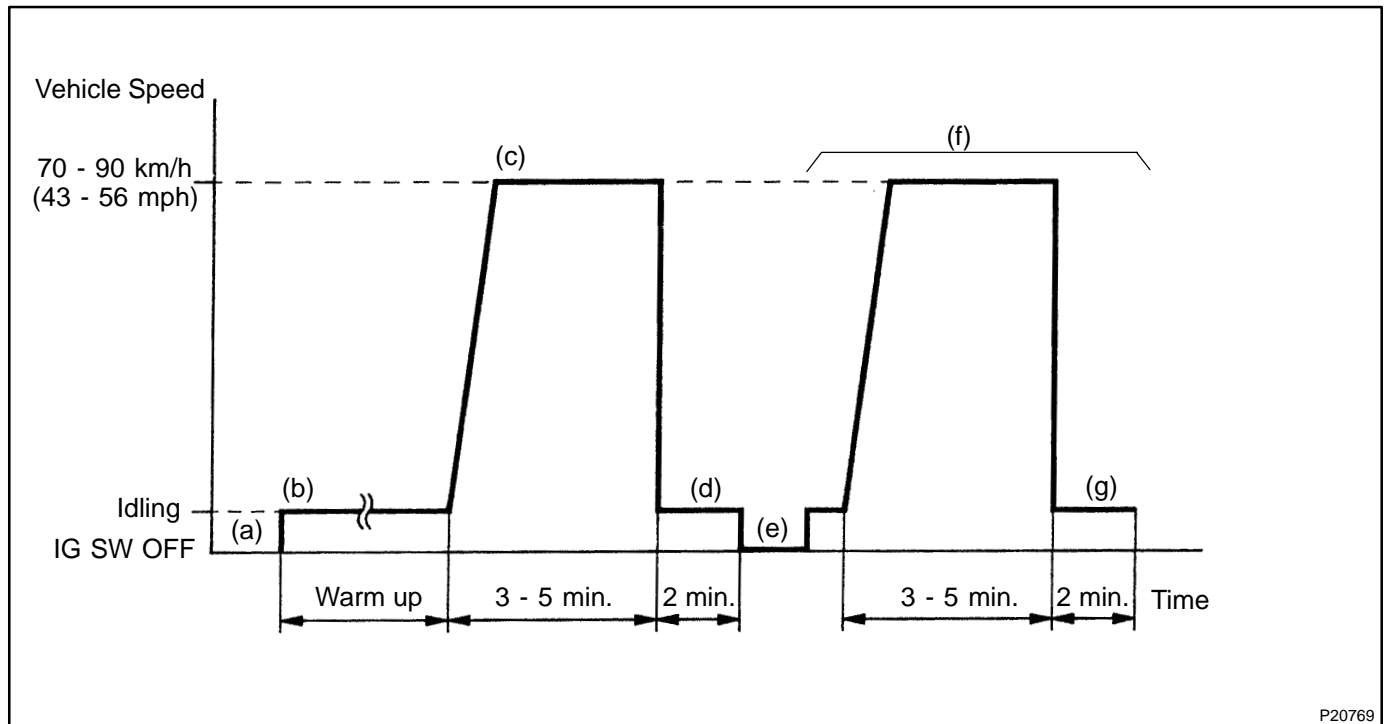
Temperature value: -40°C (-40°F)

OK

Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

NG

## SYSTEM CHECK DRIVING PATTERN



P20769

- (a) Connect the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (b) Start the engine and warm it up with all accessories switched OFF.
- (c) Run the vehicle at 70 - 90 km/h (43 - 56 mph) for 3 minutes or more.
- (d) Idle the engine for about 2 minutes.
- (e) Stop at safe place and turn the ignition switch OFF.
- (f) Start the engine and do steps (c) and (d) again.
- (g) Check the READINESS TESTS mode on the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester. If COMPL is displayed and the MIL does not light up, the system is normal. If INCMPL is displayed and the MIL does not light up, run the vehicle again and check it.

### HINT:

INCMPL is displayed when either condition (h) or (i) exists.

- (h) The system check is incomplete.
- (i) There is a malfunction in the system.

If there is a malfunction in the system, the MIL will light up after steps (b) to (f) above are done.

## INSPECTION PROCEDURE

### HINT:

- If DTC P0105 and/or P0106 and P0401 are output simultaneously, perform troubleshooting of DTC "P0105" first.
- If DTC P0401 and P0402 are output simultaneously, perform troubleshooting of DTC P0402 first.

# CUSTOMER PROBLEM ANALYSIS CHECK

## ABS Check Sheet

 Inspector's  
Name : \_\_\_\_\_

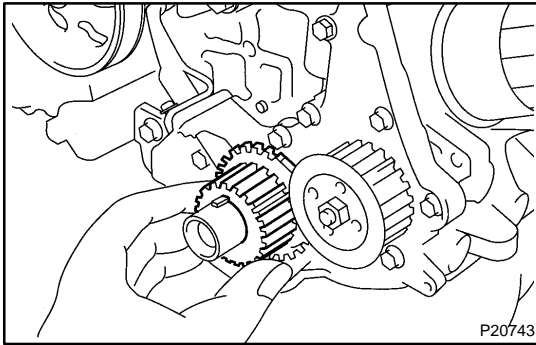
Customer's Name		Registration No.	
		Registration Year	/ /
		Frame No.	
Date Vehicle Brought In	/ /	Odometer Reading	km miles

Date Problem First Occurred	/ /
Frequency Problem Occurs	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent (    times a day)

Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> ABS does not operate.	
	<input type="checkbox"/> ABS does not operate intermittently.	
	ABS Warning Light Abnormal	<input type="checkbox"/> Remains ON <input type="checkbox"/> Does not Light Up

DTC Check	1st Time	<input type="checkbox"/> Normal Code <input type="checkbox"/> Malfunction Code (Code    )
	2nd Time	<input type="checkbox"/> Normal Code <input type="checkbox"/> Malfunction Code (Code    )

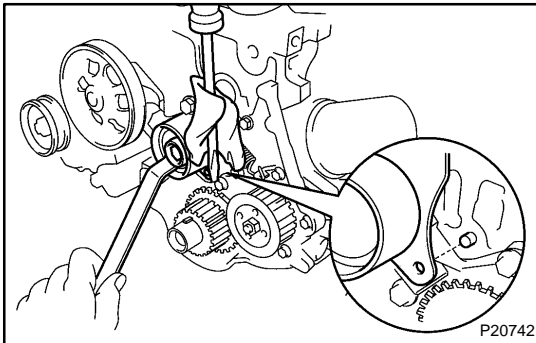




## INSTALLATION

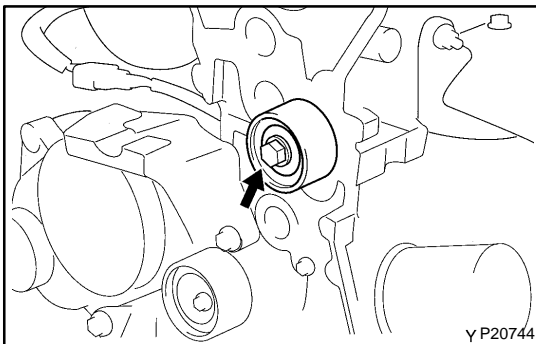
### 1. INSTALL CRANKSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

- (a) Align the pulley set key with the key groove of the pulley.
- (b) Slide on the timing pulley, facing the rotor side of the crankshaft position sensor inward.



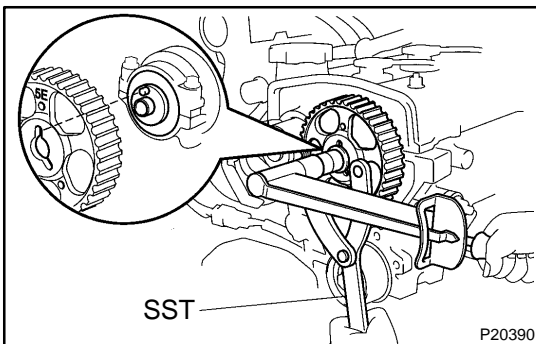
### 2. TEMPORARILY INSTALL NO.1 IDLER PULLEY AND TENSION SPRING

- (a) Install the tension spring to the idler pulley.
- (b) Align the bracket pin hole with the pivot pin.
- (c) Install the idler pulley with the bolt. Do not tighten the bolt yet.
- (d) Pry the idler pulley toward the left as far as it will go and temporarily tighten the bolt.
- (e) Check that the idler pulley moves smoothly.



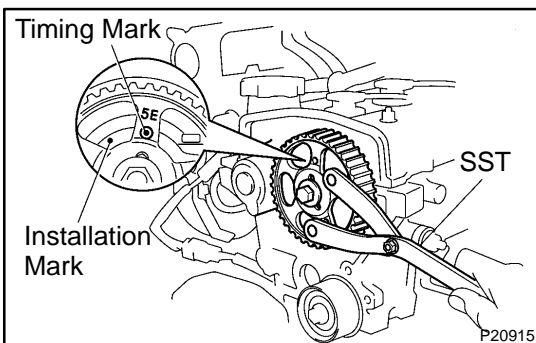
### 3. INSTALL NO.2 IDLER PULLEY

- (a) Install the idler pulley with the bolt.  
**Torque: 28 N·m (280 kgf-cm, 20 ft-lbf)**
- (b) Check that the idler pulley moves smoothly.



### 4. INSTALL CAMSHAFT TIMING PULLEY

- (a) Align the camshaft knock pin with the knock pin groove on the pulley side with the 5E mark, and slide on the timing pulley.
- (b) Using SST, install the pulley bolt.  
SST 09960-10010 (09962-01000, 09963-01000)  
**Torque: 51 N·m (510 kgf-cm, 37 ft-lbf)**



### 5. SET NO.1 CYLINDER TO TDC/COMPRESSION

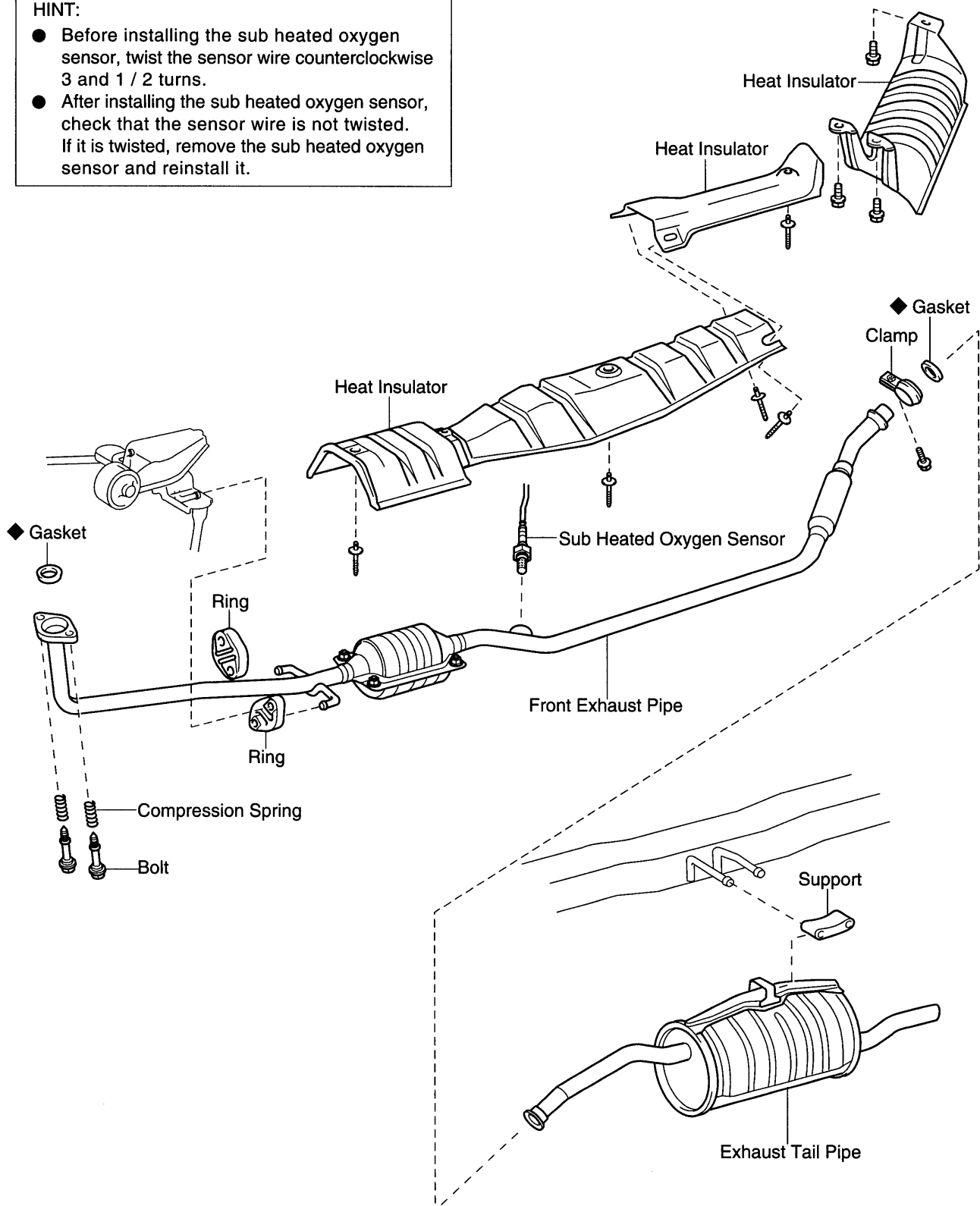
- (a) Using SST, align the hole of the camshaft timing pulley on the side with the 5E mark with the timing mark of the bearing cap.  
SST 09960-10010 (09962-01000, 09963-01000)

# EXHAUST SYSTEM COMPONENTS

EM10C-01

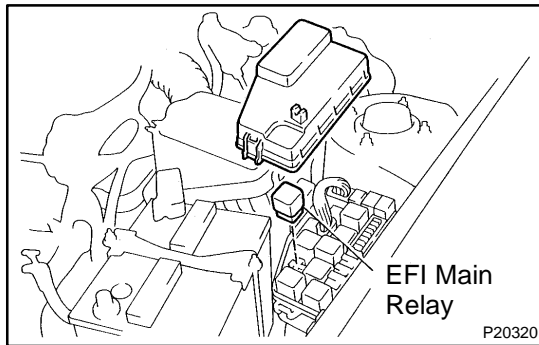
## HINT:

- Before installing the sub heated oxygen sensor, twist the sensor wire counterclockwise 3 and 1 / 2 turns.
- After installing the sub heated oxygen sensor, check that the sensor wire is not twisted. If it is twisted, remove the sub heated oxygen sensor and reinstall it.



◆ Non-reusable part

Y P20258

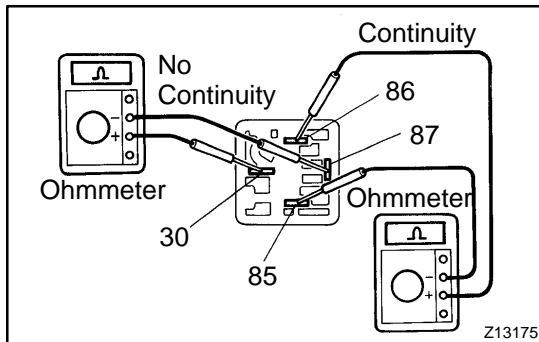


## EFI MAIN RELAY INSPECTION

SF0XI-04

### 1. REMOVE EFI MAIN RELAY (Marking: EFI MAIN)

LOCATION: In the engine compartment relay box.



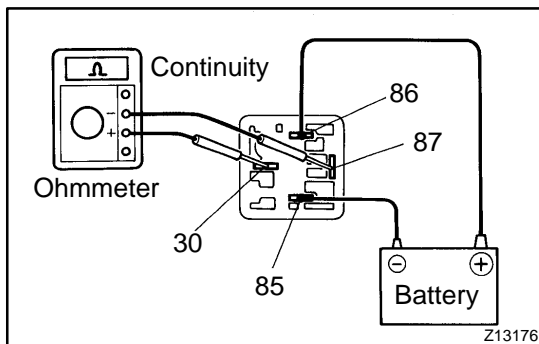
### 2. INSPECT EFI MAIN RELAY CONTINUITY

- (a) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 86 and 85.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

- (b) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 87 and 30.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.



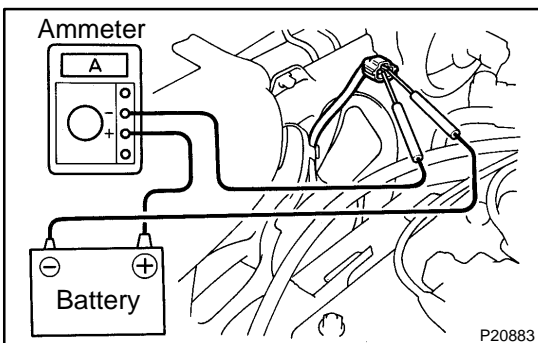
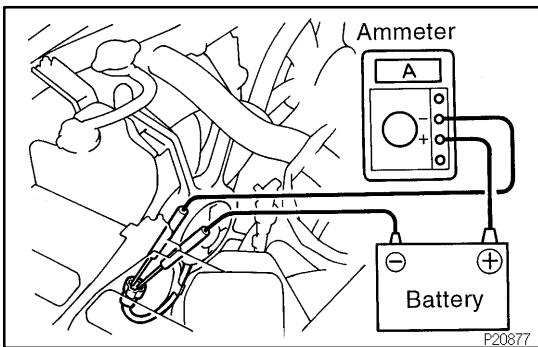
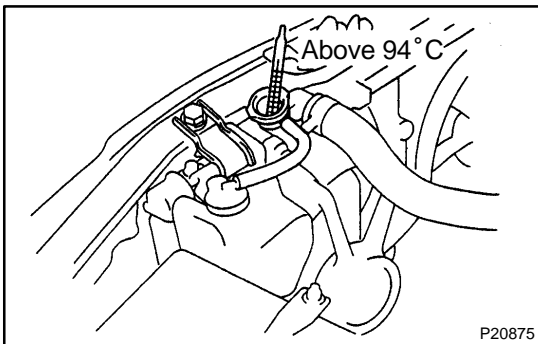
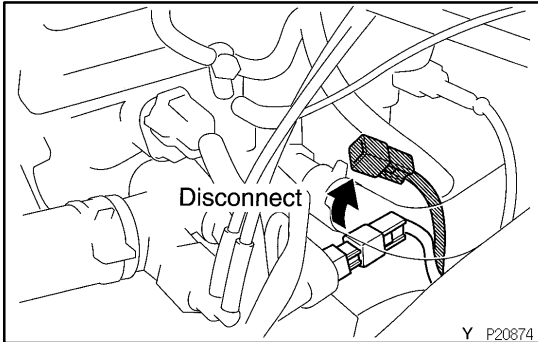
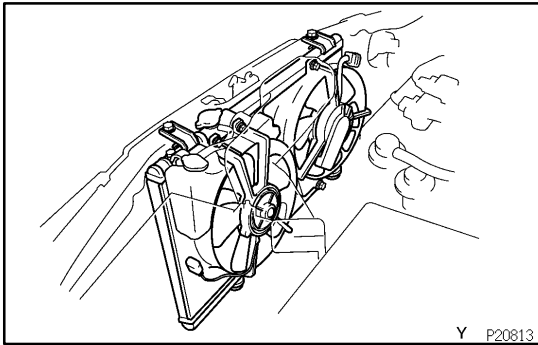
### 3. INSPECT EFI MAIN RELAY OPERATION

- (a) Apply battery voltage across terminals 86 and 85.

- (b) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 87 and 30.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

### 4. REINSTALL EFI MAIN RELAY



## ELECTRIC COOLING FAN ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

COOY5-02

### 1. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION WITH LOW TEMPERATURE (Below 83°C (181°F))

- Turn the ignition switch ON.
- Check that the cooling fan stops.

If not, check the cooling fan relay and ECT switch, and check for a separated connector or severed wire between the cooling fan relay and ECT switch.

- Disconnect the ECT switch connector.
- Check that the cooling fan rotates.

If not, check the engine main relay, cooling fan relay, cooling fan, fuses, and check for short circuit between the cooling fan relay and ECT switch.

- Reconnect the ECT switch connector.

### 2. CHECK COOLING FAN OPERATION WITH HIGH TEMPERATURE (Above 94°C (201°F))

- Start the engine, and raise coolant temperature to above 94°C (201°F).
  - Check that the cooling fan rotates.
- If not, replace the ECT switch.

### 3. INSPECT NO.1 COOLING FAN

- Disconnect the cooling fan connector.
- Connect battery and ammeter.
- Check that the cooling fan rotates smoothly, and check the reading on the ammeter.

**Standard amperage:**

M/T	5.7 - 7.7 A
A/T	8.6 - 11.6 A

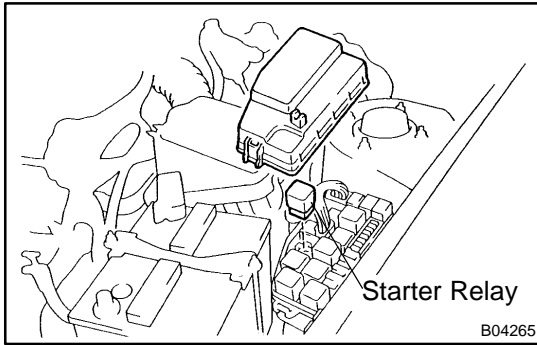
- Reconnect the cooling fan connector.

### 4. INSPECT NO.2 COOLING FAN

- Disconnect the cooling fan connector.
- Connect battery and ammeter.
- Check that the cooling fan rotates smoothly, and check the reading on the ammeter.

**Standard amperage: 6.4 - 7.4 A**

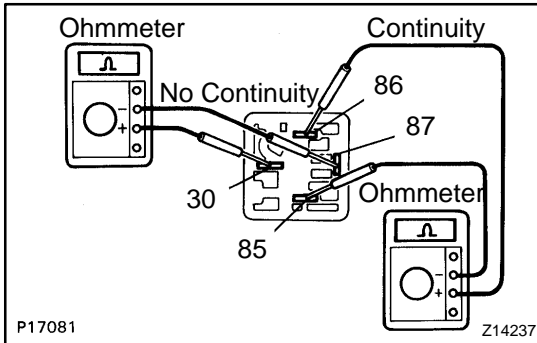
- Reconnect the cooling fan connector.



## STARTER RELAY INSPECTION

ST088-10

1. REMOVE RELAY BOX COVER
2. REMOVE STARTER RELAY (Marking: "ST")



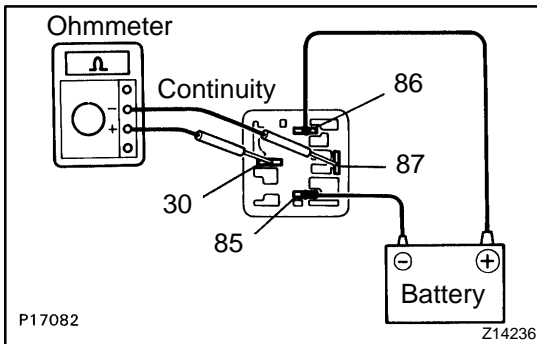
### 3. INSPECT RELAY CONTINUITY

- (a) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 85 and 86.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

- (b) Check that there is no continuity between terminals 30 and 87.

If there is continuity, replace the relay.



### 4. INSPECT RELAY OPERATION

- (a) Apply battery voltage across terminals 85 and 86.

- (b) Using an ohmmeter, check that there is continuity between terminals 30 and 86.

If there is no continuity, replace the relay.

### 5. REINSTALL STARTER RELAY

### 6. REINSTALL RELAY BOX COVER

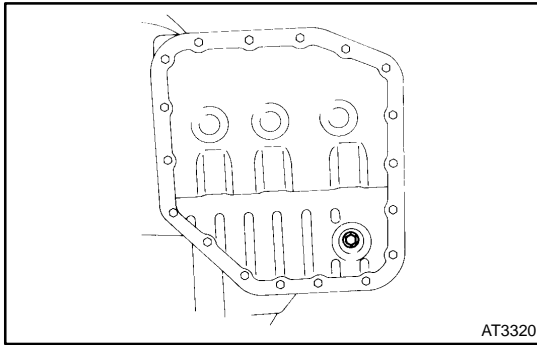
# TROUBLESHOOTING

## PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE

MX07D-03

Use the table below to help you find the cause of the problem. The numbers indicate the priority of the likely cause of the problem. Check each part in order. If necessary, replace these parts.

Symptom	Suspect Area	See page
Noise	15.Oil (Level low) 16.Oil (Wrong) 17.Gear (Worn or damaged) 18.Bearing (Worn or damaged)	<a href="#">MX-4</a> <a href="#">MX-4</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a>
Oil leakage	1. Oil (Level too high) 2. Gasket (Damaged) 3. Oil seal (Worn or damaged) 4. O-Ring (Worn or damaged)	<a href="#">MX-4</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a>
Hard to shift or will not shift	1. Control cable (Faulty) 2. Synchronizer ring (Worn or damaged)  3. Shift key spring (Damaged)	<a href="#">MX-40</a> <a href="#">MX-20</a> <a href="#">MX-27</a>  <a href="#">MX-20</a> <a href="#">MX-27</a>
Jumps out of gear	1. Locking ball spring (Damaged) 2. Shift fork (Worn) 3. Gear (Worn or damaged) 4. Bearing (Worn or damaged)	<a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a> <a href="#">MX-7</a>



## VALVE BODY ASSEMBLY ON-VEHICLE REPAIR

AX0RX-01

### 1. DRAIN ATF

Remove the drain plug and drain the ATF into the suitable container.

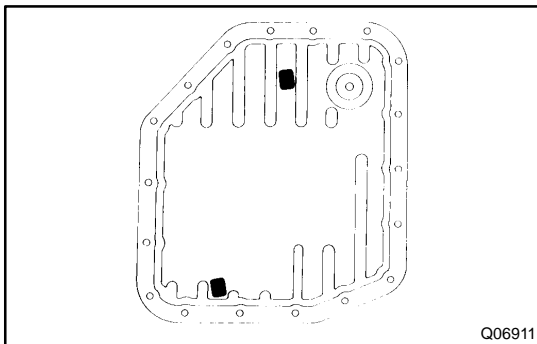
**Torque: 17 N·m (175 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)**

### 2. REMOVE OIL PAN AND GASKET

#### NOTICE:

Some fluid will remain in the oil pan. Remove the oil pan bolts and carefully remove the oil pan assembly. Discard the gasket.

**Torque: 4.9 N·m (50 kgf·cm, 43 in.-lbf)**

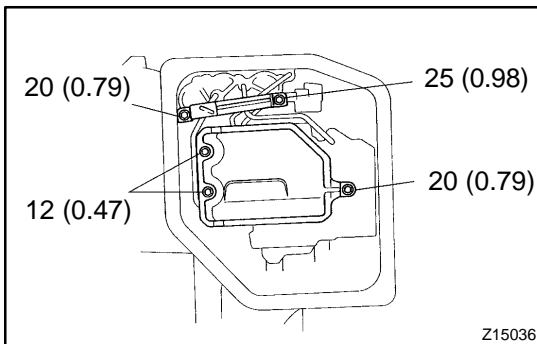


### 3. EXAMINE PARTICLES IN PAN

Remove the magnets and use them to collect any steel chips. Look at the chips on the magnet carefully to anticipate what type of wear you will find in the transaxle.

Steel (magnetic) ..... bearing, gear and plate wear

Brass (non-magnetic) ..... bushing wear



### 4. REMOVE OIL STRAINER AND APPLY PIPE BRACKET

(a) Remove the 3 bolts and oil strainer.

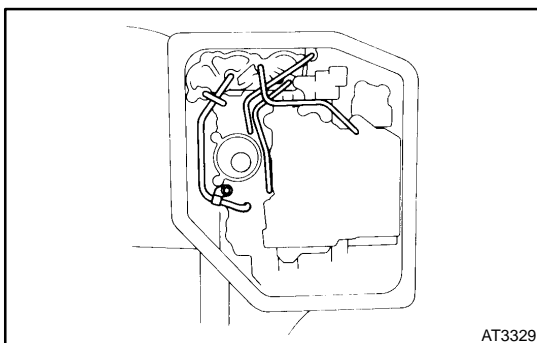
#### NOTICE:

Be careful as some oil will come out of the strainer.

**Torque: 10 N·m (100 kgf·cm, 7 ft·lbf)**

(b) Remove the 2 bolts and apply pipe bracket.

**Torque: 10 N·m (100 kgf·cm, 7 ft·lbf)**



### 5. REMOVE OIL PIPES

(a) Remove the clamp bolt.

(b) Pry up the both pipe ends with a large screwdriver and remove the 4 pipes.

#### NOTICE:

Be careful not to bend or damage the pipes.