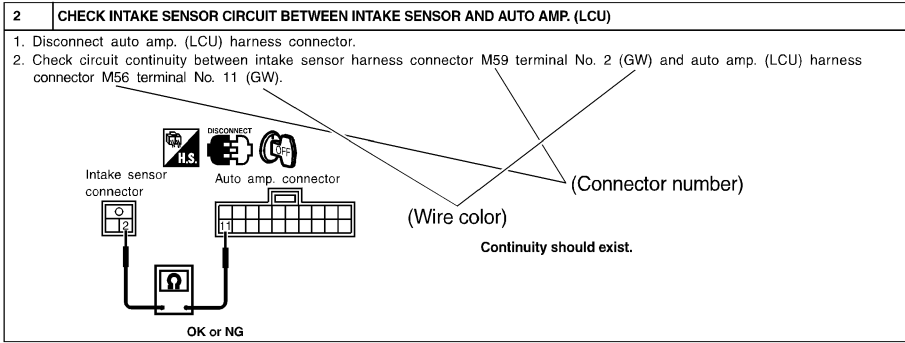


HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

TYPE 2: Harness Wire Color and Connector Number are Shown in Text

Example 1:



Example 2:

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Power Supply Circuit Check

=NCEL00-16807
NCEL00-1680701

Terminals			Ignition switch position		
(+)	(-)		OFF	ACC	ON
Connector	Terminal (Wire color)				
M40	37 (Y)	Ground	Battery voltage	Battery voltage	Battery voltage
M41	1 (Y)	Ground	0V	0V	Battery voltage

If NG, check the following.

- 7.5A fuse (No. 5, located in fuse block (J/B))
- 10A fuse (No. 11, located in fuse block (J/B))
- Harness for open or short between fuse and combination meter

Connector number Wire color

SGI144A

KEY TO SYMBOLS SIGNIFYING MEASUREMENTS OR PROCEDURES

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Check after disconnecting the connector to be measured.		Procedure with Generic Scan Tool. (GST, OBD-II scan tool)
	Check after connecting the connector to be measured.		Procedure without CONSULT, CONSULT-II or GST
	Insert key into ignition switch.		A/C switch is "OFF".
	Remove key from ignition switch.		A/C switch is "ON".
	Insert and remove key repeatedly.		REC switch is "ON".
	Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.		REC switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.		Fan switch is "ON". (At any position except for "OFF" position)
	Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.		Fan switch is "OFF".
	Turn ignition switch to "START" position.		Apply fuse.
	Turn ignition switch from "OFF" to "ACC" position.		Apply positive voltage from battery with fuse directly to components.
	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "ON" position.		
	Turn ignition switch from "ACC" to "OFF" position.		

SAIA0750E

SERVICE INFORMATION FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

no voltage; short is further down the circuit than the relay.

- With SW1 closed, relay contacts jumped with fused jumper wire check for voltage.
voltage; short is down the circuit of the relay or between the relay and the disconnected solenoid (point C).
no voltage; retrace steps and check power to fuse block.

Ground Inspection

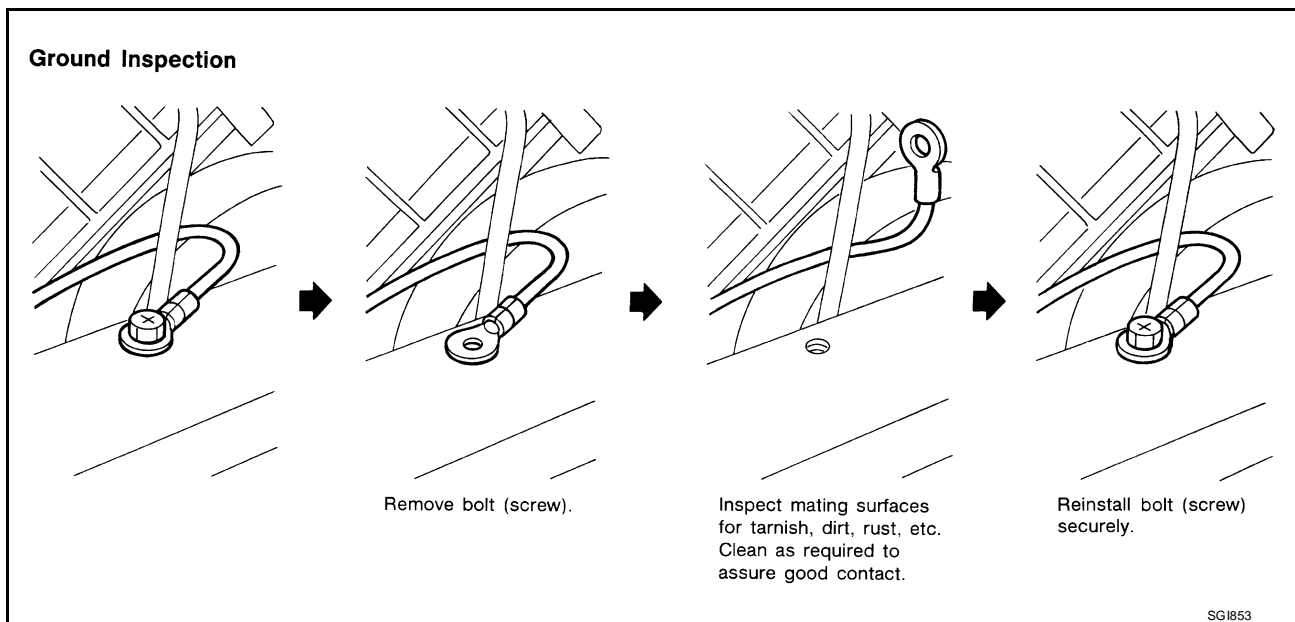
Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.

Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:

- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for “add-on” accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.

For detailed ground distribution information, refer to “Ground Distribution” in PG section.



Voltage Drop Tests

Voltage drop tests are often used to find components or circuits which have excessive resistance. A voltage drop in a circuit is caused by a resistance when the circuit is in operation.

Check the wire in the illustration. When measuring resistance with DMM, contact by a single strand of wire will give reading of 0 ohms. This would indicate a good circuit. When the circuit operates, this single strand of wire is not able to carry the current. The single strand will have a high resistance to the current. This will be picked up as a slight voltage drop.

Unwanted resistance can be caused by many situations as follows:

- Undersized wiring (single strand example)
- Corrosion on switch contacts
- Loose wire connections or splices.

If repairs are needed always use wire that is of the same or larger gauge.

MEASURING VOLTAGE DROP — ACCUMULATED METHOD

DRIVE BELTS

INSTALLATION

1. Hold the hexagonal part (A) of drive belt auto-tensioner (1) with a box wrench securely. Then move the wrench handle in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of tensioner).

CAUTION:

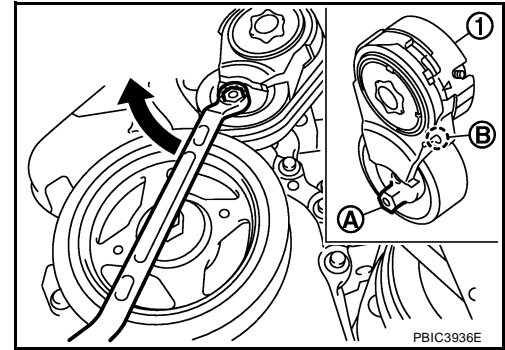
Never place hand in a location where pinching may occur if the holding tool accidentally comes off.

2. Insert a rod such as short-length screwdriver approximately 6 mm (0.24 in) in diameter into the hole (B) of retaining boss to fix drive belt auto-tensioner.
3. Install drive belt.

CAUTION:

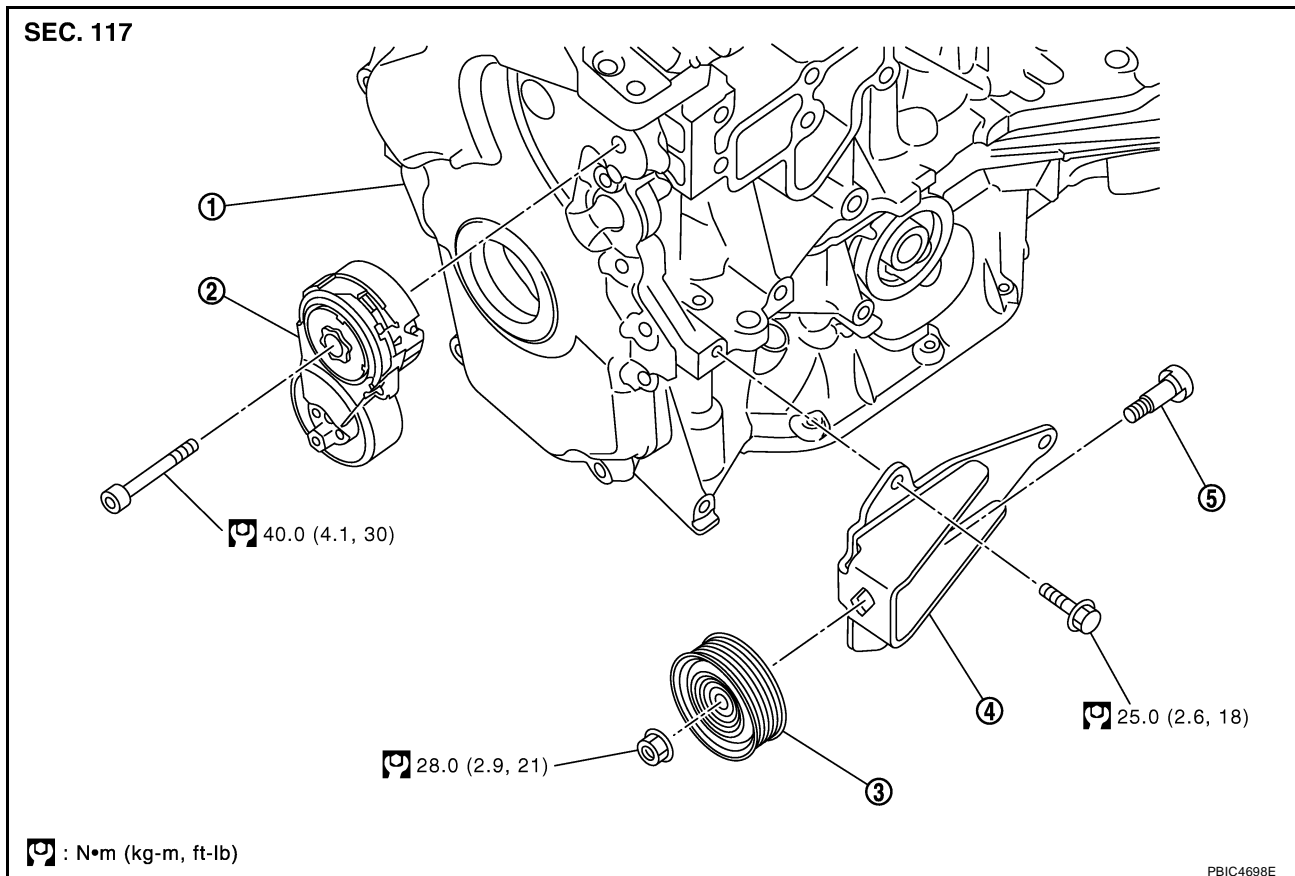
- Confirm drive belt is completely set to pulleys.
- Check for engine oil, working fluid and engine coolant are not adhered to drive belt and each pulley groove.

4. Release drive belt auto-tensioner, and apply tension to drive belt.
5. Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise several times to equalize tension between each pulley.
6. Confirm tension of drive belt at indicator (notch on fixed side) is within the possible use range. Refer to [EM-13, "Checking Drive Belts"](#).



Components

EBS00U73



- | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Front cover | 2. Drive belt auto-tensioner | 3. Idler pulley (models without A/C) |
| 4. Bracket (models without A/C) | 5. Shaft (models without A/C) | |

Removal and Installation of Drive Belt Auto-Tensioner

REMOVAL

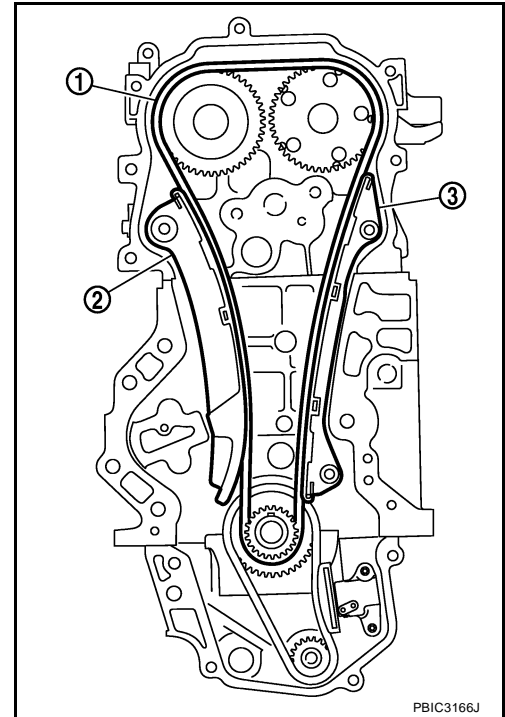
1. Remove drive belt. Refer to [EM-13, "Removal and Installation"](#).
2. Release the fixed drive belt auto-tensioner pulley.
3. Loosen bolt and remove drive belt auto-tensioner.

EBS00U74

TIMING CHAIN

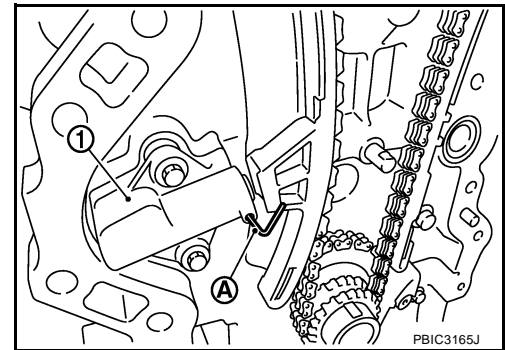
7. Install the timing chain tension guide (3) and the timing chain slack guide (2).

1 : Timing chain



8. Install timing chain tensioner (1).

- Fix the plunger at the most compressed position using a stopper pin (A), and then install it.
- Securely pull out the stopper pin after installing the timing chain tensioner.



9. Check matching mark position of timing chain and each sprocket again.
10. Apply new engine oil to new front oil seal joint surface.
11. Using a suitable tool install front oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown.

A : Dust seal lip

B : Oil seal lip

⇐ : Engine front

➡ : Engine rear

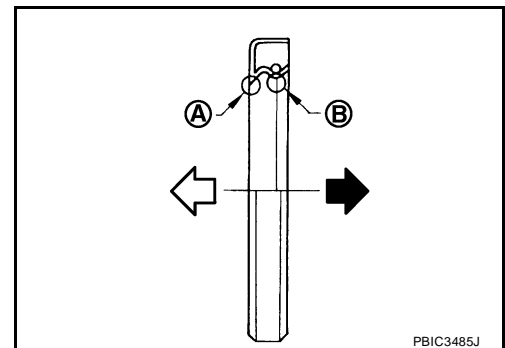
- Press-fit front oil seal until it is flush with front end surface of front cover as shown below with a suitable tool.

Within 0.3 mm (0.012 in) toward engine front

Within 0.5 mm (0.020 in) toward engine rear

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage front cover and crankshaft.
- Press-fit oil seal straight to avoid causing burrs or tilting.
- Never touch grease applied onto oil seal lip.



12. Install new O-ring to cylinder block.

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected, and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut
--	--

Emission-related Diagnostic Information EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS

UBS00QBH

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	DTC*1		SRT code	Test value/ Test limit (GST only)	Trip	MIL light- ing up	Reference page
	CONSULT-II GST*2	ECM*3					
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000*4	—	—	1 (CVT) 1 (A/T) 2 (M/T)	× (CVT) × (A/T) — (M/T)	EC-151
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001*4	—	—	2	—	EC-151
CONTROL UNIT(CAN)	U1010	1010	—	—	1 (CVT) 1 (A/T) 2 (M/T)	× (CVT) × (A/T) — (M/T)	EC-154
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	—	—	—	Flashing*5	EC-62
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	—	—	2	×	EC-156
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	—	×	2	×	EC-161
A/F SEN1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	—	×	2	×	EC-161
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	—	×	2	×	EC-166
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	—	×	2	×	EC-166
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P0075	0075	—	—	2	×	EC-173
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	—	—	2	×	EC-178
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	—	—	1	×	EC-187
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	—	—	1	×	EC-187
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	—	—	2	×	EC-195
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	—	—	2	×	EC-195
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0117	0117	—	—	1	×	EC-200
ECT SEN/CIRC	P0118	0118	—	—	1	×	EC-200
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	—	—	1	×	EC-206
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	—	—	1	×	EC-206
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	—	—	1	×	EC-212
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	—	—	2	×	EC-215
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	—	—	2	×	EC-218
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0130	0130	—	×	2	×	EC-220
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0131	0131	—	×	2	×	EC-227
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0132	0132	—	×	2	×	EC-233
A/F SENSOR1 (B1)	P0133	0133	×	×	2	×	EC-239
HO2S2 (B1)	P0137	0137	×	×	2	×	EC-248
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	×	×	2	×	EC-257
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	×	×	2	×	EC-267
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	—	—	2	×	EC-276
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	—	—	2	×	EC-284

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

Information from Customer

KEY POINTS

- **WHAT**..... Vehicle & A/T model
- **WHEN**..... Date, Frequencies
- **WHERE**..... Road conditions
- **HOW**..... Operating conditions, Symptoms

Customer name	MR./MS	Model & Year	VIN
Trans. model		Engine	Mileage
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date
Frequency	<input type="checkbox"/> Continuous <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent (times a day)		
Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Vehicle does not move. (<input type="checkbox"/> Any position <input type="checkbox"/> Particular position)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> No up-shift (<input type="checkbox"/> 1st → 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd → 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd → 4th)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> No down-shift (<input type="checkbox"/> 4th → 3rd <input type="checkbox"/> 3rd → 2nd <input type="checkbox"/> 2nd → 1st)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Lock-up malfunction		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Shift point too high or too low.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Shift shock or slip (<input type="checkbox"/> N → D <input type="checkbox"/> Lock-up <input type="checkbox"/> Any drive position)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Noise or vibration		
	<input type="checkbox"/> No kick down		
	<input type="checkbox"/> No pattern select		
<input type="checkbox"/> Others ()			

Diagnostic Worksheet Chart

1.	<input type="checkbox"/> Read the Fail-safe and listen to customer complaints.		AT-43 , AT-47
2.	<input type="checkbox"/> Check A/T fluid		AT-16
	<input type="checkbox"/> Leakage (Follow specified procedure) <input type="checkbox"/> Fluid condition <input type="checkbox"/> Fluid level		
3.	<input type="checkbox"/> Perform "STALL TEST" and "LINE PRESSURE TEST".		AT-53 , AT-56
	<input type="checkbox"/> "STALL TEST" — Mark possible damaged components/others.		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Torque converter one-way clutch <input type="checkbox"/> Reverse clutch <input type="checkbox"/> Forward clutch <input type="checkbox"/> Overrun clutch <input type="checkbox"/> Forward one-way clutch	<input type="checkbox"/> Low & reverse brake <input type="checkbox"/> Low one-way clutch <input type="checkbox"/> Engine <input type="checkbox"/> Line pressure is low <input type="checkbox"/> Clutches and brakes except high clutch and brake band are OK	
	<input type="checkbox"/> "LINE PRESSURE TEST" — Suspected parts:		

DTC P1760 OVERRUN CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE

DTC P1760 OVERRUN CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE

PFP:31940

Description

UCS005Q1

The overrun clutch solenoid valve is activated by the TCM in response to signals sent from the PNP switch, overdrive control switch, vehicle speed and ECM (throttle opening). The overrun clutch operation will then be controlled.

CONSULT-II Reference Value

UCS005Q2

Item name	Condition	Display value
OVERRUN/C S/V	When overrun clutch solenoid valve operates. (When overrun clutch disengaged. Refer to AT-22 .)	ON
	When overrun clutch solenoid valve does not operate. (When overrun clutch engaged. Refer to AT-22 .)	OFF

On Board Diagnosis Logic

UCS005Q3

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item.
- Diagnostic trouble code “P1760 OVERRUN CLUTCH S/V” with CONSULT-II or 6th judgement flicker without CONSULT-II is detected when TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate solenoid valve.

Possible Cause

UCS005Q4

- Harness or connector
(The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.)
- Overrun clutch solenoid valve

DTC Confirmation Procedure

UCS005Q5

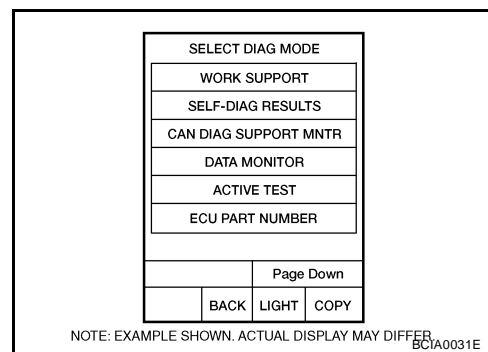
CAUTION:

- **Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.**
- **If performing this “DTC Confirmation Procedure” again, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before continuing.**

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

④ WITH CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON and select “DATA MONITOR” mode for “A/T” with CONSULT-II.
2. Touch “START”.
3. Start engine.
4. Accelerate vehicle to a speed of more than 10 km/h (6 MPH) with “D” position (OD ON).
5. Release accelerator pedal completely with “D” position (OD OFF).
6. If the check result is NG, go to [AT-163, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .



④ WITH GST

Follow the procedure “WITH CONSULT-II”.

⊗ WITHOUT CONSULT-II

1. Start engine.
2. Drive vehicle under the following conditions:
Selector lever position: “D” position (OD ON)
Vehicle speed: Higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH)
3. Perform self-diagnosis. Refer to [AT-90, "Diagnostic Procedure Without CONSULT-II"](#) .
4. If the check result is NG, go to [AT-163, "Diagnostic Procedure"](#) .

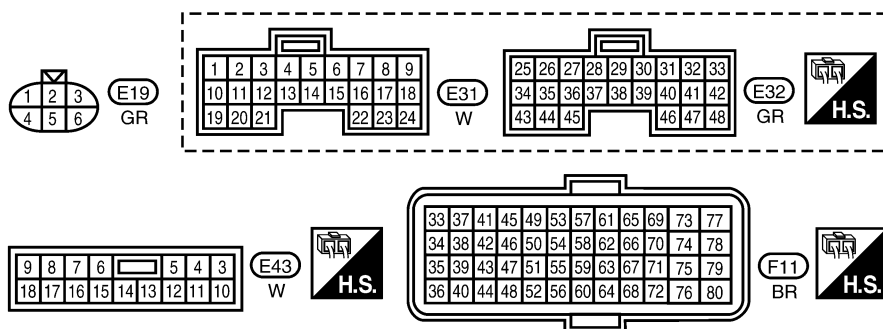
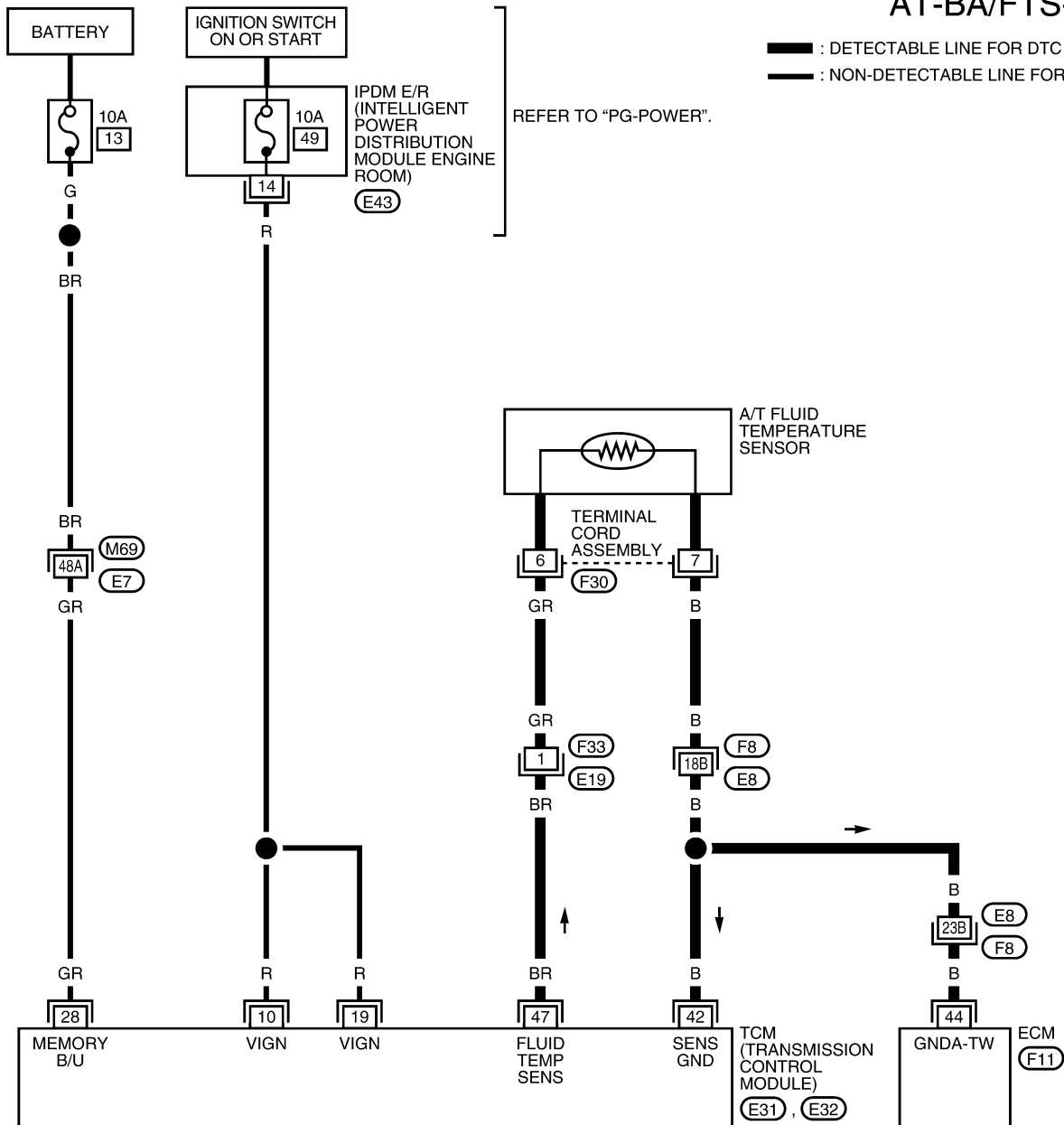
DTC BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN (A/T FLUID TEMP SENSOR CIRCUIT AND TCM POWER SOURCE)

Wiring Diagram — AT — BA/FTS

UCS005QL

AT-BA/FTS-01

— : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 - - - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
 (M69), (F8) - SUPER
 MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

BCWA0659E

COIL SPRING

COIL SPRING

PFP:55020

EES002D1

Removal and Installation

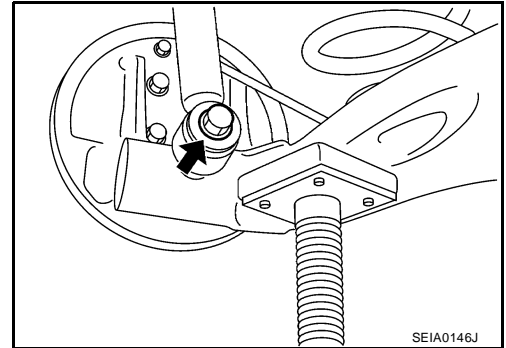
REMOVAL

1. Remove rear tires from vehicle using power tool.
2. Remove wheel sensor from wheel hub and bearing assembly. Refer to [BRC-33, "WHEEL SENSORS"](#) .

CAUTION:

Do not pull on wheel sensor harness.

3. Separate brake tube from wheel cylinder. Refer to [BR-11, "BRAKE TUBE AND HOSE"](#) .
4. Set jack under rear suspension beam.
5. Remove shock absorber lower side bolt. Refer to [RSU-9, "SHOCK ABSORBER"](#) .
6. Gradually lower the jack, and then remove coil spring and rear spring rubber seat (upper and lower).

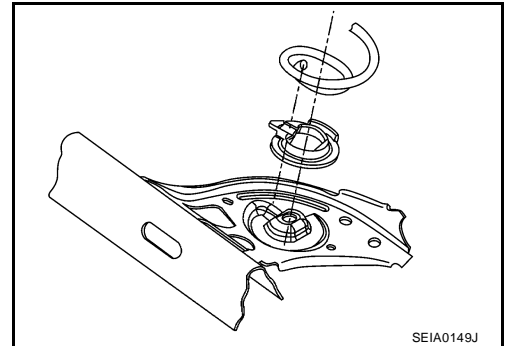


INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check coil spring and spring rubber seat for deformation, cracks, and damage, and replace it if a malfunction is detected.

INSTALLATION

- Installation is in the reverse order of removal. For tightening torque, refer to [RSU-8, "Components"](#) .
- When installing spring, be sure to securely install the spring end position aligned to flush of rear spring rubber seat (lower) as shown.



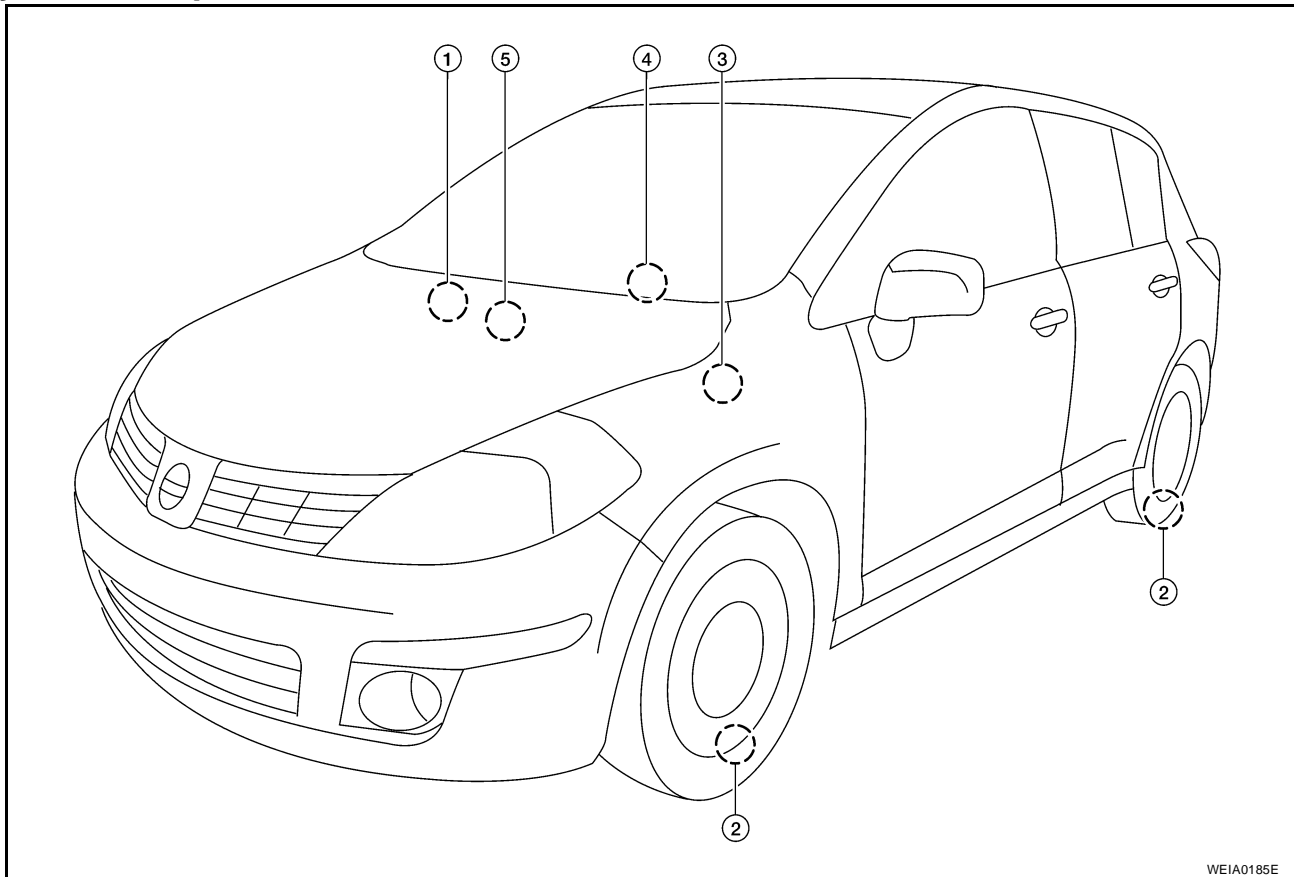
LOW TIRE PRESSURE WARNING SYSTEM

LOW TIRE PRESSURE WARNING SYSTEM

PFP:40300

System Components

EES002FF



WEIA0185E

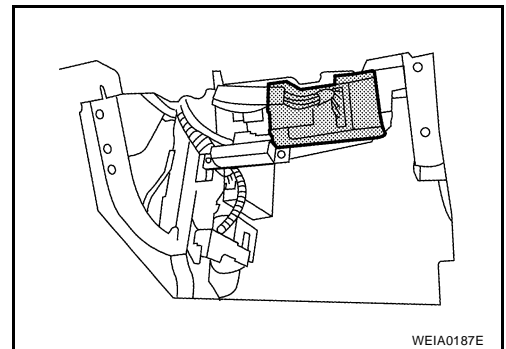
- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 1. BCM
M18, M20 | 2. Transmitters | 3. Tire pressure warning check connector
M39 |
| 4. Combination meter
M24 | 5. Remote keyless entry receiver
M23 | |

System Description BODY CONTROL MODULE (BCM)

EES002FG

The BCM is shown with the glove box removed. The BCM reads the air pressure signal received by the remote keyless entry receiver, and controls the low tire pressure warning lamp as shown below. It also has a self-diagnosis function to detect a system malfunction.

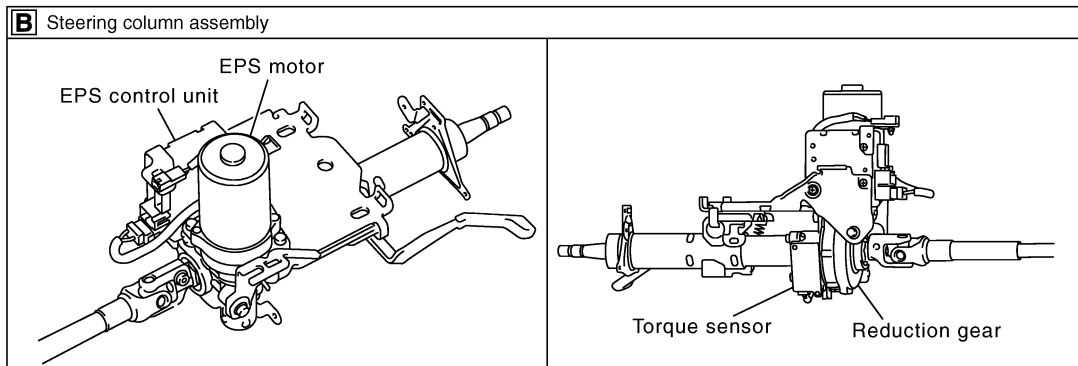
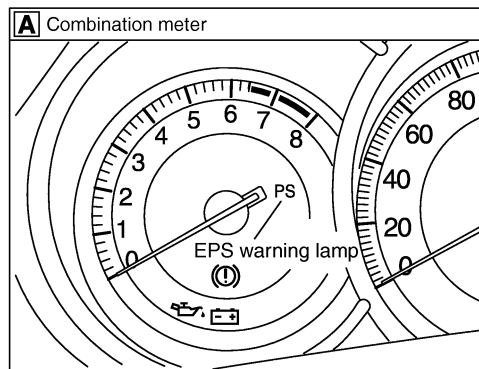
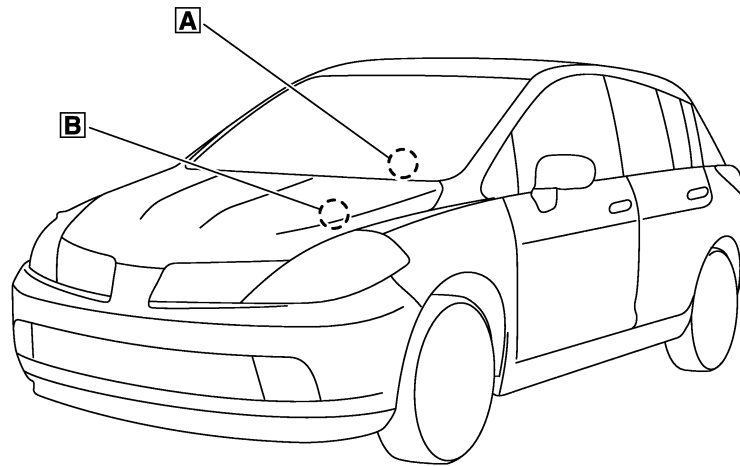
Condition	Low tire pressure warning lamp
System normal	On for 1 second after ignition ON
Tire less than 193 kPa (2.0 kg/cm ² , 28 psi) [Flat tire]	ON
Low tire pressure warning system malfunction	After key ON, flashes once per second for 1 minute, then stays ON



WEIA0187E

Component Parts Location

UGS0007U



SGIA1623E

SEAT BELTS

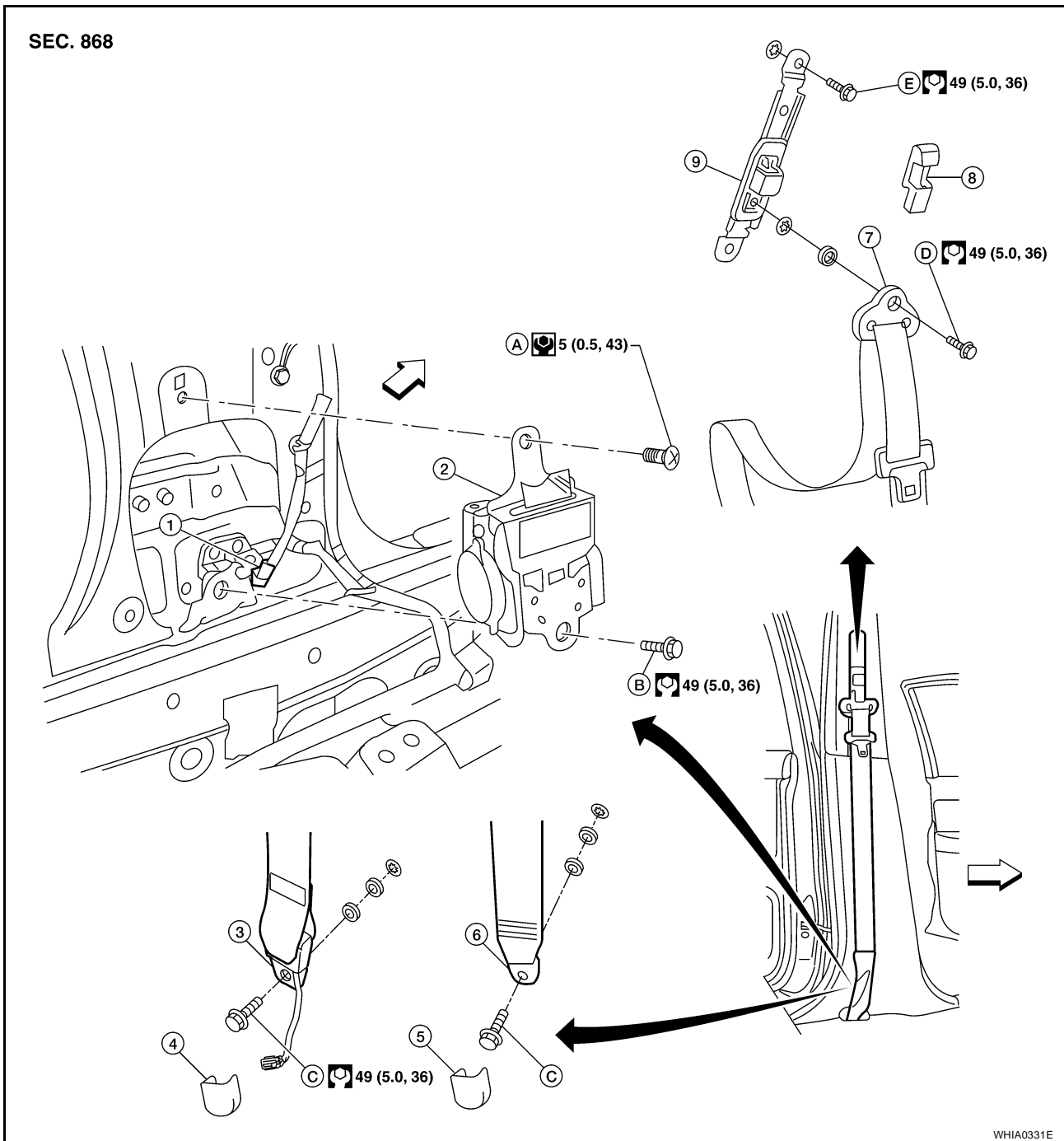
SEAT BELTS

PFP:86884

Removal and Installation of Front Seat Belt

EHS001TR

SEC. 868



- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1. Seat belt pre-tensioner connector | 2. Seat belt retractor | 3. Outer anchor RH (belt tension sensor) |
| 4. Anchor cover (belt tension sensor) | 5. Anchor cover | 6. Outer anchor LH |
| 7. D-ring anchor | 8. Adjuster cover | 9. Seat belt adjuster |
| A. Retractor bolt upper | B. Retractor anchor bolt | C. Outer anchor bolt |
| D. D-ring anchor bolt | E. Adjuster anchor bolt | ← Vehicle front |

CAUTION:

Before servicing the SRS, turn the ignition switch off, disconnect both battery cables and wait at least 3 minutes.

REMOVAL OF SEAT BELT RETRACTOR

1. Disconnect both the negative and positive battery cables, then wait at least 3 minutes.

POWER DOOR LOCK SYSTEM

3. CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SWITCH LH

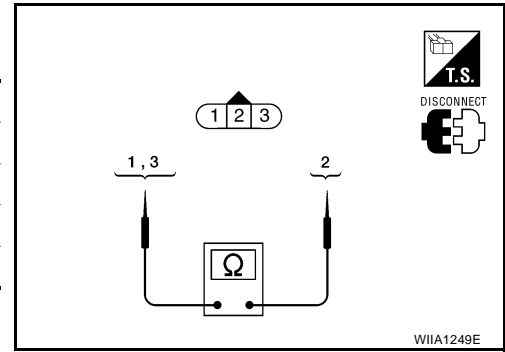
Check continuity between front door key cylinder switch LH terminals.

Terminals	Door key cylinder switch position	Continuity
2 - 1	Neutral/Unlock	No
	Lock	Yes
2 - 3	Neutral/Lock	No
	Unlock	Yes

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

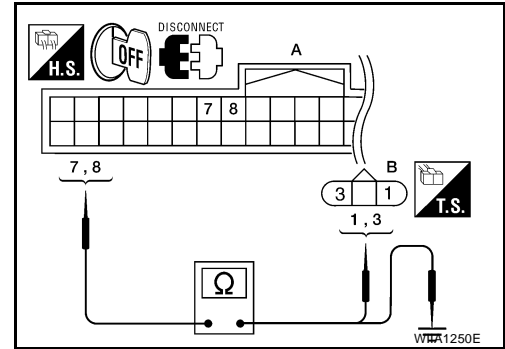
NG >> Replace front door key cylinder switch LH. Refer to [BL-169, "FRONT DOOR LOCK"](#).



4. CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER HARNESS

1. Disconnect BCM connector M18.
2. Check continuity between BCM connector (A) M18 terminals 7, 8 and front door key cylinder switch LH connector (B) D14 terminals 1, 3 and body ground.

Connector	Terminal	Connector	Terminal	Continuity
A: M18	7	B: D14	3	Yes
	8		1	Yes
	7	Ground		No
	8	Ground		No



OK or NG

OK >> Front door key cylinder switch LH circuit is OK.

NG >> Repair or replace harness.

Passenger Select Unlock Relay Circuit Check (With Intelligent Key)

EIS009CD

1. CHECK PASSENGER SELECT UNLOCK RELAY CIRCUIT

NOTE:

Passenger select unlock relay must remain connected during this step.

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
2. Disconnect BCM and inoperative rear door lock actuator.
3. Check continuity between BCM connector (A) M20 terminal 65 and rear door lock actuator LH connector (B) D205 terminal 3 or rear door lock actuator RH connector (C) D305 Terminal 3.

65 - 3 : Continuity should exist.

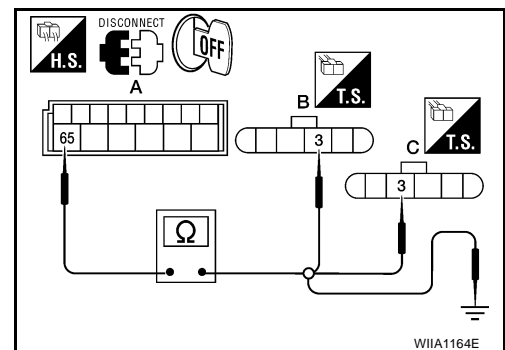
4. Check continuity between BCM connector M20 terminal 65 and body ground.

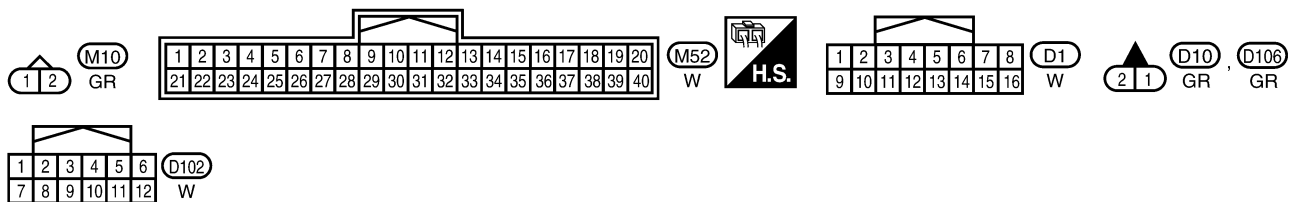
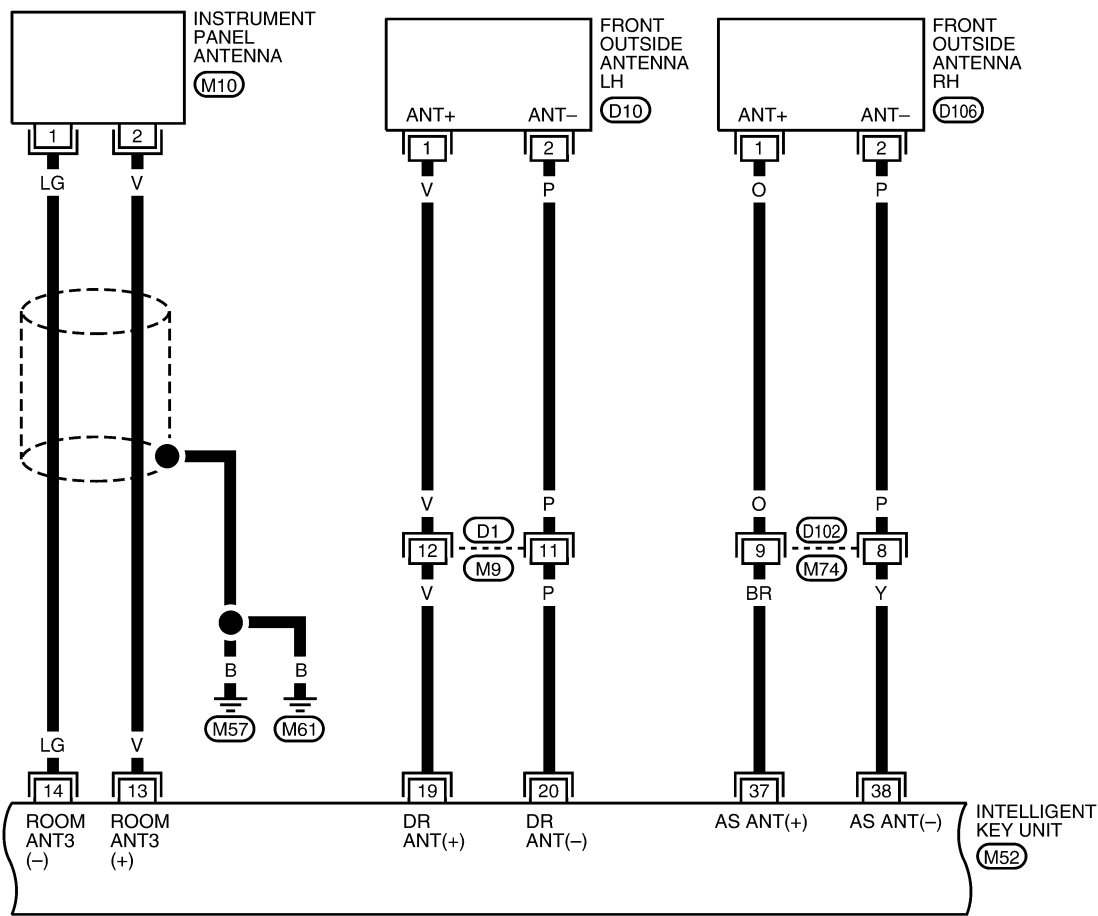
65 - Ground : Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

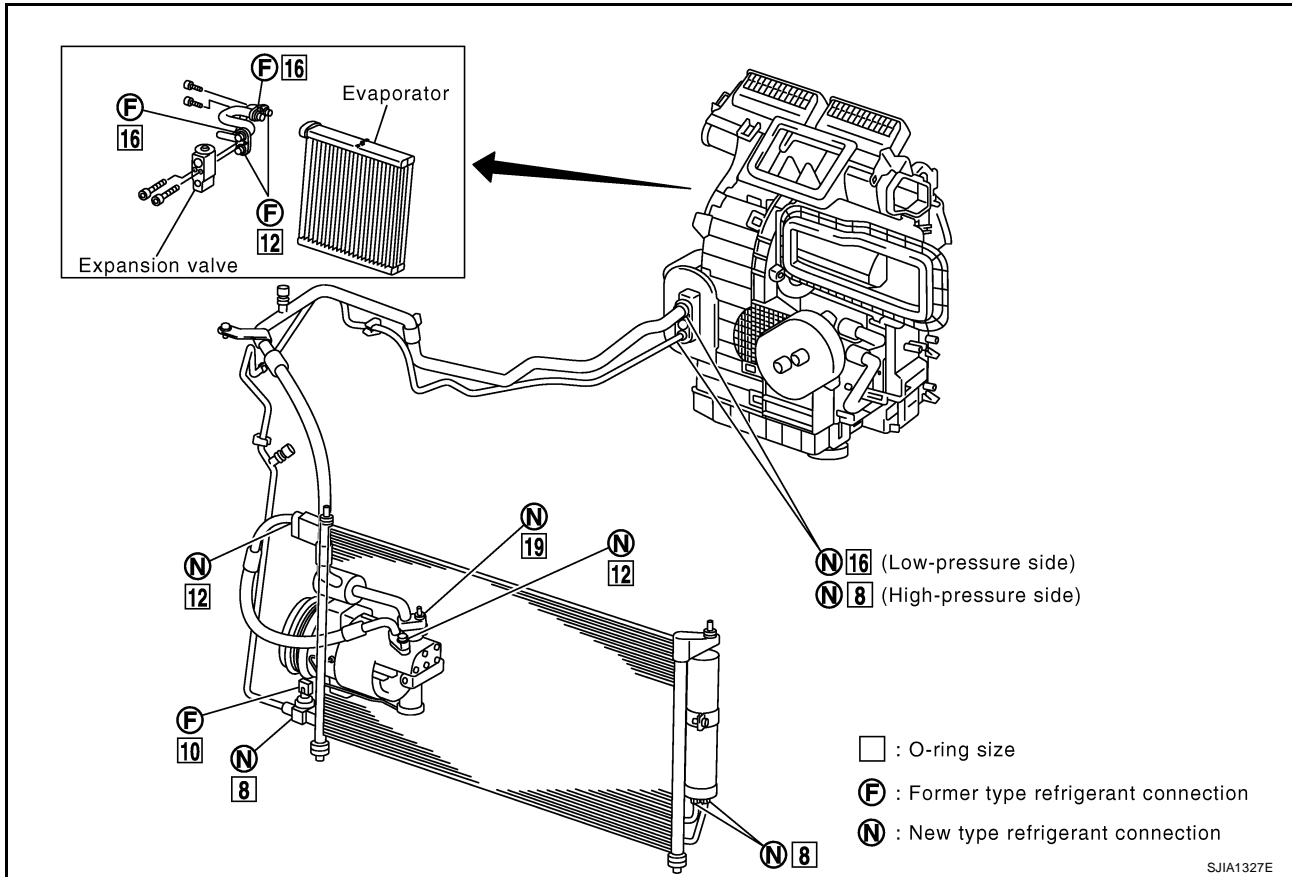
NG >> GO TO 2.





PRECAUTIONS

Type 2



CAUTION:

The new and former refrigerant connections use different O-ring configurations. Do not confuse O-rings since they are not interchangeable. If a wrong O-ring is installed, refrigerant will leak at, or around, the connection.

O-Ring Part Numbers and Specifications

Connection type	Piping connection point		Part number	QTY	O-ring size
New	Condenser to high-pressure flexible hose		92472 N8210	1	12
	Condenser to high-pressure pipe		92471 N8210	1	8
	Low-pressure flexible hose to expansion valve		92473 N8210	1	16
	High-pressure pipe to expansion valve		92471 N8210	1	8
	Compressor to low-pressure flexible hose		92474 N8210	1	19
	Compressor to high-pressure flexible hose		92472 N8210	1	12
	Liquid tank to condenser pipe	Inlet	92471 N8210	1	8
		Outlet		1	
Former	Refrigerant pressure sensor to condenser		J2476 89956	1	10
	Expansion valve to evaporator	Inlet	92471 N8200	2	12
		Outlet	92473 N8200	2	16

WARNING:

Make sure all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it.

CAUTION:

When replacing or cleaning refrigerant cycle components, observe the following.

- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the vehicle. Doing so will cause oil to enter the low-pressure chamber.
- When connecting tubes, always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench.