#### **Table of Contents**

. .....

. . .

2. . . .

· · ·

.

.

,4 .

3 -

er T

	Section
	•
Introduction	1
Engine Identification	E
Troubleshooting Symptoms	TS
Complete Engine - Group 00	0
Cylinder Block - Group 01	1
Cylinder Head - Group 02	2
Rocker Levers - Group 03	3
Cam Followers/Tappets - Group 04	4
Fuel Systems - Group 05	5
injectors and Fuel Lines - Group 06	6
Lubricating System - Group 07	7
Cooling System - Group 08	8
Drive Units - Group 09	9
Air Intake System - Group 10	10
Exhaust System - Group 11	11
Compressed Air System - Group 12	12
Electrical Equipment - Group 13	13
Engine Testing - Group 14	14
Mounting Adaptations - Group 16	16
Miscellaneous - Group 17	17
Specifications	v
Component Manufacturers	м
Service Literature	L
Index	х

#### Engine Identification

#### General Information

This section contains the specifications for the four-cylinder and six-cylinder B Series engines. The engine views show important components on the engine.

#### Engine Identification Page E-1

\*\* \*\*\*

o9ola



1.4

1.83

#### Engine Dataplate

The engine datapiate shows specific information about the engine. The engine serial number (ESN) and control parts list (CPL) provide information for ordering parts and for service needs. The engine dataplate **must not** be changed unless approved by Cummins Engine Company, Inc.

Have the following engine data available when communicating with a Cummins Authorized Repair Facility. The information on the dataplate is **mandatory** when sourcing service parts.

-----

- 1. Engine Serial Number (ESN)
- 2. Control Parts List (CPL)
- 3. Model
- 4. Horsepower and rpm rating

						9	Ð	(	Ð		
. Voltare	Currents Engine Company, Inc. Columbus, Indiana	Engine Cert. LD.	C.LD/L Pouce Cupel	Family	CPL	Ŧ	Nitocele Nitocele	7	FEL	EPA	CARD
	47282-3005 Milde in U.S.A. 3925422	Centricat Transide					Catalyst Ho. Catalysteur No	7	NDX		
Verbieved sport order and an efficiency is watered of start use ophy or discussion encourse justicement of start use ophy or discussion encourse justicement of start use ophy or discussion encourse justicement Autor Startener, is allow constrained and annualization and an annual startener and annualization and annual startener and annual startener and annual startener annual startener and annual startener annual startener annual startener annual startener annual startener annual startener annual startener annual startener annual start		Trange T.D.C.	ning-TDC sign-PNIN			Engree No Noteer No		PNI.			
		Viene nesti colo Anus Seup & Fraid		ini Edi. Adım Edi		Ref. Ho					
		Filing Onder Ordre d'Alumege			Fuel rate at acts HP Data combust, a pulse, indiques		mm0 prote				
		Kile Speed spm) Viesan Raiere		E C.S.		Adversed HP Puss. Indiause (cn)		**************************************		, bee	
							<u> </u>			ap9p	dok

#### **Troubleshooting Procedures and Techniques**

A thorough analysis of the customer's complaint is the key to successful troubleshooting. The more information known about a complaint, the faster and easier the problem can be solved.

The Troubleshooting Symptom Charts are organized so that a problem can be located and corrected by doing the easiest and most logical things first. Complete all steps in the sequence shown from top to bottom.

It is **not** possible to include all the solutions to problems that can occur; however, these charts are designed to stimulate a thought process that will lead to the cause and correction of the problem.

Follow these basic troubleshooting steps:

- Get all the facts concerning the complaint.
- Analyze the problem thoroughly
- · Relate the symptoms to the basic engine systems and components
- · Consider any recent maintenance or repair action that can relate to the complaint
- · Double-check before beginning any disassembly
- · Solve the problem by using the symptom charts and doing the easiest things first
- · Determine the cause of the problem and make a thorough repair
- After repairs have been made, operate the engine to make sure the cause of the complaint has been corrected

#### Troubleshooting Symptoms Charts Page TS-54

#### **Engine Vibration Excessive**

This is symptom tree T075.





Clean (001-008-006)



When using a steam cleaner, wear safety glasses or a face shield, as well as protective clothing. Hot steam can cause serious personal injury.



When using solvents, acids, or alkaline materials for cleaning, follow the manufacturer's recommendations for use. Wear goggles and protective clothing to avoid personal injury.



Wear appropriate eye and face protection when using compressed air. Flying debris and dirt can cause bodily injury.

Use solvent or steam to clean the camshaft.

Dry with compressed air.

0

co9shsb



Do not touch the machined surfaces with bare hands; this can cause rust to form on the camshaft.

Lubricate the carnshaft with clean lubricating engine oil before handling.



#### Inspect for Reuse (001-008-007)

NOTE: Anytime a new camshaft is installed; new tappets and push tubes must be installed also.

Inspect the fuel transfer pump lobe, valve lobes, and bearing journals for cracking, pitting, or scoring.

#### B3.9 and B5.9 Series Engines Section 1 - Cylinder Block - Group 01

Install lubricating oil pan and gasket. Refer to Procedure 007-025.

Torque Value: 24 N+m [18 ft-lb]

Install the cylinder head. Refer to Procedure 002-004,



Fill the lubricating oil pan. Refer to the Operation and Maintenance Manual, B Series Engines, Bulletin No. 3810205 for the correct lubrication oil specification.

Fill the cooling system. Refer to Procedure 008-018.



Operate the engine to normal operating temperature, and check for leaks.



#### Crankshaft (001-016)

#### **General Information**

The crankshaft is a balanced, forged-steel unit. Fourcylinder engines have five main bearings. Six-cylinder engines have seven main bearings. The lower bearing shells are all the same. All of the upper bearing shells are also the same with the exception of the journal adjacent to the rear one. The next to last journal is fitted with a flanged upper bearing shell. The flanges control the end thrust of the crankshaft.



Piston (001-043) Page 1-82





Inspect the piston for damage and excessive wear. Check the top, ring grooves, skirt, and pin bore.

**NOTE:** If severe piston damage has occurred, check the turbocharger and other exhaust components for damage from debris.

Measure the piston skirt diameter as illustrated.

Piston Skirt Diameter						
mm		in				
101.823	MIN	4.0088				
101.887	MAX	4.0107				



Measure the pin bore.

P

	Piston Pin Bore Diameter	
mm		In
40.006	MIN	1.5750
40.025	MAX	1.5758



#### **Piston Pin - Inspection**

Inspect the piston pin for nicks, gouges, and excessive wear.

Measure the pin diameter.

Pin Diameter				
mm		in		
39.990	MIN	1.5744		
40.003	MAX	1.5749		

#### Tappet (004-015)

#### Preparatory (004-015-000)

- Remove the rocker lever cover. Refer to Procedure 003-011.
- Remove the rocker levers. Refer to Procedure 003-008.
- Remove the push tubes. Refer to Procedure 004-014.
- Remove the vibration damper. Refer to Procedure 001-052.
- · Remove the gear cover. Refer to Procedure 001-031.
- · Remove the camshaft. Refer to Procedure 001-008.

#### Remove (004-015-002)

#### Tappet Replacement Kit, Part No. 3822513

Insert the trough from the tappet replacement kit, Part No. 3822513, to the full length of the cam bore.

**NOTE:** Number each tappet with the cylinder number position as it is removed. Tappets **must** be installed in the same position as removed.

Make sure the trough is positioned so it will catch the tappet when the wooden dowel is removed.

Only remove one tappet at a time. Remove the rubber band from the two companion tappets, securing the tappet not to be removed with the rubber band.







#### B3.9 and B5.9 Series Engines Section 5 - Fuel System - Group 05

#### Test (005-046-012)

Apply 12 VDC to the electrical terminal and a ground strap to the hexagonal portion of the element. Check for extensional movement of the plunger. If the plunger does not move after approximately 1 minute, check to make sure the element has been correctly connected to ground. If all connections are correct and the plunger does not move, the element is defective and **must** be replaced.

**NOTE:** The amount of plunger movement will vary depending upon the ambient temperature.



Apply 12 VDC to the electrical terminal, and ground the hexagonal portion of the element. The magnetic coil of the solenoid **must** push the plunger outward.

If the plunger does **not** push outward when voltage is applied, the solenoid is defective and **must** be replaced.



#### Assemble (005-046-025)

#### 22 mm

Install the original element or a replacement into the KSB housing.

Torque Value: 22 Nom [16 ft-lb]



#### 24 mm

Install the original solenoid or a replacement into the KSB housing.

Torque Value: 22 N+m [16 ft-lb]





Coolant Thermostat (008-013) Page 8-10 B3.9 and B5.9 Series Engines Section 8 - Cooling System - Group 08





Always use the correct thermostat, and never operate the engine without a thermostat installed. The engine can overheat if operated without a thermostat because the path of least resistance for the coolant is through the bypass to the pump inlet.

An incorrect or malfunctioning thermostat can cause the engine to overheat or run too cold.



As described in the coolant discussion, jiggle pins vent air during filling of the coolant system.



After the engine is vented and filled, the jiggle pins act as check values to block the flow of coolant through the opening during engine operation.



#### Install (008-070-026)

#### 22 mm

Apply liquid teflon sealant to the threads when installing the temperature sensor.

Reconnect the wiring.

#### Torque Value:

	(Installed into		
	Cast Iron)	50 N•m	[37 ft-lb]
	(Installed into		
2	Aluminum)	30 N∙m	[22 ft-lb]

Fan Belt Tensioner (008-087)

Preparatory (008-087-000)

Fill coolant to proper level. Refer to Procedure 008-018.

Remove the drive belt. Refer to Procedure 008-002.



# 

#### Remove (008-087-002)

#### 3/8-inch Square Drive

Lift belt tensioner to relieve tension in the belt, and remove the belt.

**NOTE:** The belt tensioner is spring loaded and must be pivoted away from the drive belt. Pivoting in the wrong direction can result in damage to the belt tensioner.



#### 15 mm

Remove the capscrew and belt tensioner from the bracket.

#### Air Compressor Carbon Buildup (012-003) Page 12-9

### Air Compressor Carbon Buildup (012-003)

#### Initial Check (012-003-001)

Shut off the engine.

Open the draincock on the wet tank to release compressed air from the system.





When using a steam cleaner, wear safety glasses or a face shield, as well as protective clothing. Hot steam can cause serious personal injury.



Compressed air used for cleaning purposes should not exceed 207 kPa [30 psi]. Wear appropriate eye and face protection when using compressed air. Flying debris and dirt can cause bodily injury.

Use steam to clean the compressor.

Use compressed air to dry.

Remove the air inlet and outlet connections from the air compressor.





Measure the total carbon deposit thickness inside the air discharge line as shown.

**NOTE:** The carbon deposit thickness **must not exceed 1.6** mm [0.0630 in].



#### Starter Solenoid (013-019) Page 13-28

## 



Turn the starter switch to the START position.

If the meter indicates system voltage at the starting motor switch input terminal, the starting motor switch is **not** the cause of the complaint.

Check the wiring from the starting switch to the starting motor solenoid "B" terminal, and from the starting motor solenoid to the battery for broken or damaged wires.

If the meter indicates no voltage, the switch is defective and must be replaced.

Check the wiring from the starting switch to the starting motor solenoid "B" terminal and from the starting motor solenoid to the battery for broken or damaged wires.



#### Starter Solenoid (013-019) Initial Check (013-019-001)

Before troubleshooting the starting motor, make sure the battery terminals are not loose or corroded.



If the starting motor solenoid does not make a sound, check for loose wiring connections.



♦₿

Component or Assembly (Procedure)	Ref.No./Steps Metric		<u>U.S.</u>	······································
Cylinder Block - Specificat Bearings, Connecting Rod (001	ions -005)			
Connecting Rod Bearing Dimensions Standard	1.955 mm	MIN	0.0770 in	
0.25 mm Oversize	1,968 mm 2,080 mm	MAX MIN	0.0775 in 0.0819 in	
0.50 mm Oversize	2.0 <del>9</del> 3 mm 2.205 mm	MAX MIN	0.0824 in 0.0868 in	
0.75 mm Oversize	2.218 mm 2.330 mm	MAX MIN	0.0873 in 0.0917 in	·····
1.00 mm Oversize	2.343 mm 2.455 mm	MAX	0.0922 in 0.0967 in	
	2.468 mm	MAX	0.0972 in	, <u></u>
Connecting Rod Side Clearance Limits	0.10 mm 0.33 mm	MIN MAX	0.004 in 0.013 in	
Bearings, Main (001-006) Main Bearing Bore Diameter (Maximum)	83.106 mm	МАХ	3.272 in	
Dimension (A) End Play Limits	0.127 mm 0.431 mm	MIN MAX	0.005 <i>i</i> n 0.017 in	
Dim. (A) End Play Limits	0.102 mm 0.432 mm	Min Max	0.004 in 0.017 in	
<b>Camshaft (001-008)</b> Fuel Transfer Pump Lobe Diameter	35.50 mm 36.26 mm	MIN MAX	1.398 in 1.428 in	

Component or Assembly (Procedure)	Ref.No./Steps	Metric	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Air compressor inlet and outlet torque Inlet *Outlet		5 N∙m 24 N•m	44 in-Ib 18 ft-Ib	
Air compressor Mounting Nuts Support Capscrews		77 N•m 24 N•m	57 ft-lb 18 ft-lb	
Air compressor oil supply line		15 N∙m	133 in-Ib	
Air compressor oil drain line		24 N•m	18 ft-Ib	
Air compressor support bracket		24 N∙m	18 ft-lb	
Air Compressor Cylinder Head	(Holset® QE	Models) (	012-104)	
Holset® QE, Non-European cylinder head	1	28 N•m	21 ft-lb	
Holset* QE, European cylinder head		28 N•m	21 ft-lb	

